THE WEATHER.
Fair tonight and Friday. Colder tonight.

THE CAPITAL TIMES

The Only Newspaper in Madison Receiving Full Leased Wire Service of The Associated Press

The circulation of The Capital Times Wednesday was 9,736

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BIG TAX BILL IS READY TO PASS

Soviets Accept; Will Recognize Debts

THOUSANDS WALK OUT ON COAST

BOLSHEVIKS TO ATTEND ISLAND MEET

Word is Received From M. Tchiterin the Foreign Minister

BAKHMETEFF SILENT

Says He Wants to See Copy of Official Message Before Acting

BULLETIN

PARIS—The supreme war council will meet at Versailles on Friday to take measures to impose on Germany "the full will of the allies," says the Matin, because of the unwillingness of Germany to carry out the armistice terms except under certain conditions.

(By the Associated Press)

The five great allied powers are preparing to send a commission of ten members to confer with representatives of the Russian Bolshevik government on the Prince's island.

This action was decided upon, according to Paris dispatches, immediately upon the receipt of a wireless message from the Bolshevik government accepting the invitation to attend the conference.

The other Russian factions have not made known their attitude.

The Bolshevik government not only accepted the invitation to attend the conference, but according to wireless messages received in London is willing to acknowledge financial obligations held by creditors of foreign nationality. The soviet government is also willing to give concessions to allied citizens and to begin negotiations to cease hostilities.

PARIS—The supreme council on receiving the acceptance of the Russian Bolshevik government of the invitation to attend the conference at the Princes Islands immediately took arrangements to send a joint committee of two representatives from each of the five great powers.

(By the Associated Press)

LONDON—M. Tchiterin, the Bolshevik foreign minister of Russia announces in a wireless dispatch picked up here that the Soviet government is willing to participate in the Princes Islands conference. The message bears the date of Tuesday and was sent from Moscow.

Bakhmeteff Silent.

PARIS—When Professor Boris Bakhmeteff, a member of the council representing Anti-Bolshevism factions here, was advised of M. Tchiterin's acceptance of the invitation to the Prince's island conference, he declared he would be unable to say what the Russian committee in Paris would do. He indicated that a copy of the official message must be received and discussed before any announcement would be made.

Czecho-Slovak Claims

PARIS (Wednesday)—The supreme council of the peace conference was engaged today in receiving Tomas G. Masaryk and M. Benes, a commission of the claims of the new Czecho Slovak republic. These delegates asked that Czecho Slovakia comprise Bohemia, Moravia, Silesia, Slovakia and the Ruthenian section of Hungary as well as outlying regions where the Czecho Slovaks are living in the majority. This would embrace territory populated by 12,000,000 people.

The necessity of giving the new state an outlet to the sea was emphasized, it being pointed out that a way should be found northward by the Elbe and Vistula to the north and Baltic seas eastward by the Danube to the Black sea or southward through Trieste or Fiume to the Adriatic. To this end the delegates asked for the internationalization of waterways and railways giving them these outlets.

TROOPS IN BREMEN.

COPENHAGEN — Government troops entered Bremen after heavy fighting, the Spartacans retreating.

To Madison Business Men

Do you know how the new revenue law will affect your business?

Do you know what taxes you will have to pay for the years 1919 and 1920? Do you know on what articles taxes have been raised?

The Capital Times invites your attention today to its story by the Associated Press on the new revenue law. It gives in detail just how the new measure will affect every line of business.

There is information there that is important to you.

ONE THIRD OF LEAGUE PLAN COMPLETED

Official Announcement of Progress of Work is Made Today

(By the Associated Press)

PARIS—The society of nations commission of the peace conference has virtually covered one-third of its task, it was officially announced this afternoon.

Today's brief formal announcement from the commission on the society of nations to the effect that the preamble and two articles for the constitution of the body had been provisionally agreed upon was not supplemented by any official outgiving as to the nature of the three paragraphs in question, it being pointed out that they were subject to amendment or complete substitution in the light of such action as might be taken upon the remainder of the plan.

To Fulfill Plans

It is believed, however, that the preamble in effect is a statement at greater length of declaration of the full peace conference at its second session. This, in brief, was that it was essential to a maintenance of the world settlement that a society of nations should be created to promote international co-operation to insure the fulfillment of international obligations and to provide safeguards against war.

The two articles mentioned, if the ordinary course of drafting such international pacts is being followed probably relate to the organization of the proposed society, stating the qualifications for membership in it, the place of meeting of the periodic sessions which must be held, and the method of organization of the executive and other directive commissions.

This much of the commission's work has not been accomplished without much discussions and objections by some members of the special commission, it appears, to certain features of the plan which formed the basis for the agreement. But with every disposition to concede to the objectors representing the smaller nations every point in which the vital object of the plan was not in danger, the majority of the commissioners are understood to have secured an agreement upon the really fundamental points that came up in the process of consideration.

A hint of how this has been accomplished is seen in the official statement that additional members are to be taken into the commission.

(Later advices have indicated the probability that besides gaining additional membership, the smaller powers will be given adequate representation in the executive and the legislative sections of the society.)

(Continued on page 7.)

BIG STRIKE IS CALLED IN SEATTLE

Go Out in Sympathy for Ship Building Workers on Coast

MAY AFFECT STORES

Schools and Theaters Are Also Affected by the Strike

SEATTLE, Wash.—Seattle's general strike was called at the scheduled time, ten o'clock today. First reports from the downtown sections said union street car men started their cars for the barns at 10 o'clock, union elevator operators in all the large buildings abandoned their cars and restaurants closed their doors when their union cooks and waiters left.

Most of the city stores announced they would remain open as long as their stocks last. When their shelves are empty they will be unable to replenish them as the truck drivers were among the strikers.

Telephone operators remained at their posts, according to reports. Seattle expects to have lights tonight as the strike committee of the central Labor council last night voted to exempt from the strike the engineers in the Municipal lighting plant.

May Close Schools

Schools may be forced to close by the strike of janitors and engineers, the office of the superintendent of school stated. Moving picture houses may not open, it was believed, as they will be crippled by the strike by operators and musicians.

Today's general walk-out was called by the Seattle central labor council as a sympathetic move to help shipyard workers who, numbering about 25,000 closed the big Seattle shipyards by striking January 21, for higher pay.

The shipyard workers who are affiliated with the metal trades council, asked that mechanics be paid $8 a day and helpers and laborers 7 and 6 dollars a day. The metal trades members made their demands when they announcer that they were dissatisfied with the findings of a federal wage adjustment commission known as the Macy board.

Charles Piez, director general of the emergency fleet corporation, was quoted in a dispatch from Wilkesbarre, Pa., last night, as saying that the Seattle shipyard workers, in striking, had disregarded a pledge made with the government that they would remain under the jurisdiction of the Macy board until March 1.

Union labor leaders declare that virtually 55,000 union members are on strike in Seattle. This number includes the 25,000 who walked out of the shipyards January 21. The general strike, they said, was the first ever called in the United States.

Mayor Hanson issued a statement today declaring that law and order will prevail. "Business as usual will be the sign at the city hall and the city plants, he asserted.

At Tacoma

TACOMA, Wash.—At 10 o'clock, the time set for a general walkout of union men in Tacoma in sympathy with 25,000 striking ship workers, street cars were running, lights were on, newspapers were operating, restaurants were doing business and there was small indication that tie up of industry here would be nearly complete.

Governor in Address

OLYMPIA, Wash.—Should the need arise, protection for life and property in Seattle and Tacoma during the general strikke will be "immediate and ample," said a statement issued by Gov. Ernest Lister. The governor said he was keeping in close touch with the strike situation.

Table Showing How Taxes Will Be Levied Under Conference Bill

Comparison of the conference agreements for 1919 revenue with existing law and the original house bill, drawn during the war for war purposes as based on unofficial estimates follows:

	CONFERENCE	PRESENT LAW	HOUSE BILL
Income tax	$2,213,000,000	$1,458,500,000	$2,376,186,000
War excess profits	2,500,000,000	1,791,000,000	3,200,000,000
Estates	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
Transportation and other facilities	243,000,000	230,000,000	231,000,000
Beverages	450,000,000	400,000,000	500,000,000
Cigars and Tobaccos	245,000,000	200,000,000	341,204,000
Admissions and Club dues	54,000,000	54,000,000	81,000,000
Excise Taxes, Luxuries, etc.	175,000,000	76,000,000	297,000,000
Stamp Taxes	31,000,000	32,000,000	32,000,000
Special, Floor and Miscellaneous Taxes	75,000,000	28,617,000	247,000,000
Totals	$6,086,000,000	$4,470,117,000	$7,405,390,000

DR. ROBERTS WILL NOT HAVE TO GO TO PEN

Is Acquitted of Statutory Charge By Judge Belden

MILWAUKEE—Dr. David E. Roberts, Waukesha, will not have to serve his sentence of one year in the house of correction as decreed last July by Judge Page in district court, because of having committed a stauttory offense with Grace Lusk in Milwaukee in April, 1917. In a rehearing before Judge Belden of Racine, Dr. Roberts' attorneys argued that the visits the defendant and Grace Lusk made to Milwaukee constitute violations of common law which could not be prosecuted after a year had elapsed. The court after taking the matter under advisement made his ruling of acquittal this afternoon. District Attorney Zabel contended that prosecution could be brought under a statutory section.

Miss Lusk is serving a 19 year sentence at Waupun for the murder of Mrs. Roberts, wife of the doctor.

CHIEF MECHANIC AT LOCAL PLANT ACCUSED BY MEN

Joseph McNamee, chief engineer at the plant of the farmers' Co-operative Packing company where a lockout of union employees has been on for several days, was arrested late yesterday on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. He was arraigned before Judge Hoppmann in Superior court and entered a plea of not guilty. The case was continued until Monday.

The warrant was signed by Bernard Avery, a union picket. Union men wha have been engaged in warning those entering the plant that a lockout was in force, say McNamee flourished the gun as he came to work.

McNamee told District Attorney Roman Heilman that he carried the revolver in full view and at no time had it in his pocket. The arrest is a culmination to troubles which havez been brewing since last Wednesday when a union mechanic was let out and a non-union man engaged in his place.

(Continued on page 7)

HUB HUEGEL DIED A HERO

Details of His Death Are Received by His Brother Here

Herbert ("Hub") Huegel, who was killed in France on Oct. 11, died a hero. Dr. R. W. Huegel has just received a letter from France giving details of the manner in which his brother died. The letter follows:

Waldbillig, Luxemburg,
Jan. 12th, 1919.

R. W. Huegel, D. D. S.,
104 King St.,
Madison, Wis.

Dear Sir:—

Please do not consider me neglectful in not writing to you before, but because of military law we are not permitted to write letters to the United States telling of deaths or casualties until the record of each case has passed through the proper military channels and has officially been given out by Washington.

I beg to offer my sincerest and heartfelt sympathy in this your great sorrow. It is hard to lose one who is so dear to us but there is a world of satisfaction in the fact that he so bravely gave his life for the cause of humanity and by so doing helped to make the world a better place to live in.

We went "over the top" on the 10th of Oct. I was in command of one platoon and your brother was in my platoon. We gained our objective and formed a new line. We were under a heavy artillery fire at all times and it was very dangerous to get out of our trenches. On the 11th (next day) I left my platoon to make a reconnoiter of new positions. During my absence the enemy counter-attacked. The line was thinly held and someone had to go back and bring up some troops that were in support. They asked for volunteers and your brother and another man said they would go. They started back and had almost reached the troops when a shell landed within a few feet of them and exploded. This shell killed your brother. I think the force of the explosion more than anything else caused his death as the shell landed so close to him, although a small piece of the case struck him in the right chest and a small piece went in his neck. He was killed almost instantly.

To his mother and relatives and friends I would like to say this: As a soldier we honored him; as a comrade he was loved by all, and by both his officers and fellow-men he was always held in the highest esteem. His death was one any soldier might well be proud of. He voluntarily offered his services for an errand he knew was dangerous.

WILCOX REPORT IS LAMBASTED IN ASSEMBLY

Special Committee is Beaten; Limit Printing to 500 Copies

By FRED L. HOLMES

Charging that the report of the reconstruction committee of which Senator Roy P. Wilcox, Eau Claire chairman, was "political propoganda," "Bumcombe" and "a self evident proposition against which there is no contention," Assemblyman John Donnelly, Milwaukee, lambasted the J. C. Hanson resolution calling for a special assembly committee on reconstruction of seven members to be appointed by the speaker and to co-operate with a similar committee of the senate.

The Hanson resolution was killed by a vote of 63 to 30 and a moment later the Wilcox resolution providing for the printing of 10,000 copies of the report of the special reconstruction committee was amended to provide for 500 copies. The reconstruction report was presented in the senate Wednesday by Senator Roy P. Wilcox, Eau Claire.

Hanson Is Member

Assemblyman Hanson was a member of the committee on reconstruction. When the report of the committee came over from the senate he introduced a resolution for a special assembly reconstruction committee and asked suspension of the rules, to which Axel Johnson objected. Hanson was surprised and asked why Johnson should object.

"Because I am opposed to creating such a committee," replied Johnson.

Speaker Young ruled that the resolution was privileged and Assemblyman Donnelly, Milwaukee, jumped to his feet in an attack on the Wilcox report.

"I had intended to speak against the printing of 10,000 copies of this political propoganda," said Mr. Donnelly, "which is to be asked for in a Wilcox resolution coming over from the senate. This reconstruction report is a self-evident proposition, against which there is no contention. Why this propoganda is nothing but more or less bumcombe. Wisconsin has enough commissions and bureaus to handle all problems of the so-called reconstruction,—to get back from war to a peace basis. There is nothing to this reconstruction so far as Wisconsin is concerned. Practically every thing covered by the recommendations in this report have already been cared for in bills introduced in this legislature, which are now in the hands of the

(Continued on page 7.)

CONFERENCE AGREEMENT SUBMITTED

Tax Budget of Six Billion for 1919 and 4 Billion for 1920

HOUSE BILL IS CUT

Excess Profits Allotment in Lower House is Riddled by Senate

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON—No extension of time for filing income and profits returns beyond March 15 will be made, Secretary Glass said today.

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON — With the submission to congress today of the conferees agreement on the long delayed war revenue bill the American people were presented with their prospective federal tax budget for 1919 and ensuing years—something over $6,000,000,000 this year and $4,000,000,000 the year after subject to the revision expected to be undertaken by the next congress.

The conference report presented to the house is regarded assured of adoption by both house and senate. It thus provides the future American tax yield which now is about $4,370,000,000. Besides this year's tax levy of about $6,000,000,000, further treasury needs, to be raised by bonds and other means are estimated by the treasury at about $12,000,000,000.

Except for slightly increased war excess profits rates for 1919 and corporations income tax rate for 1920, virtually all the rates as revised in the bill passed by the senate are approved by the conferces and remain in the final conference draft.

Rates of the senate on transportation, beverages, cigars and tobaccos, amusement admissions, club dues, luxuries, and semi-luxuries, stamp and special taxes all substantially were adopted by the conferees while the house rates on estates and insurance were re-enacted.

The principal rate increases agreed to in conference were to raise the corporation income rate for 1920 from 8 per cent, as proposed by the senate to 10 per cent and an increase from 60 to 65 per cent in the second "bracket" or sliding rate, on corporations excess profits for this year. The 80 per cent war profits tax for this year was adopted, and, upon insistence by house conferees, extended to 1920, but made applicable next year only upon such profits from government war contracts. The excess profits "bracket" rate of 20 and 40 per cent for 1920 also were approved.

Virtually all the so-called relief provisions or "cushions" of the senate designed to prevent hardships in imposition of the corporation taxes were adopted.

In the important income tax section the bill retains all senate rates normal and surtaxes, including that of 12 per cent, double existing law, on corporations income of last year, in excess of credits previously allowed, but fixes the rate for subsequent years at 8 per cent.

The 12 per cent normal rate on individual incomes earned last year and the eight per cent rate payable in 1920 are retained with individual exemptions of $1,000 for single and $2,000 for married persons, and an additional exemption of $200 for each dependent minor. Also adopted are provisions that individuals shall pay only six per cent this year, and four per cent thereafter on first $4,000 subject to tax above exemptions. The senate individual surtaxes, ranging from one per cent on incomes between $5,000 and $6,000 to 65 per cent on more than $1,000,000 also were approved.

Levying a prohibitory tax on products of child labor.

Restoring pre war rates on letters and post cards, July 1, next.

Providing a pay bonus of $60 for all persons in the military establishment of officers and enlisted men alike.

Extending the Reed "Bone

(Continued on page 8)

Read These Discounts

ON
Suits and Overcoats
then
Come here and try them on

150 men's suits 25% off
100 men's overcoats 25% off

The Crescent CLOTHING CO
Specialists in Apparel for Men & Boys

MILWAUKEE — The railroad commission decided tentatively, at a hearing Tuesday in the city attorney's office on the petition of the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light company for permission to issue $1,500,000 worth of common stock with which to finance the purchase of the property of the Milwaukee Light, Heat and Traction company, that the former company had the right to purchase the latter.

This decision sustained the contention of James D. Shaw, attorney for the companies, that there was nothing in the statutes to prevent the said company from buying the interurban company, and that the only condition called for was that the value of the property to be acquired must be fixed by the commission. This was admitted by Attorney Walter H. Bender, representing the commission, but was denied by City Attorney Williams.

FLU TOLL IN MADISON 196 IN 3 MONTHS

State Board of Health Makes Report on Epidemic in State

Madison had a total of 270 deaths during October, November and December. Of this number 68 were caused by "flu" and 128 by pneumonia. These are companion diseases.

The influenza epidemic took 7,236 Wisconsin lives in October, November and December, as ascertained by the bureau of vital statistics from reports of local registrars.

The death rate for the quarter reached 21.8, the heaviest ever known in the state. The annual death rate has been about 9 per 1,000.

Total deaths from pneumonia and influenza, also deaths from all causes, for the final quarter of 1918 were as follows:

	Pneumonia and influenza	All causes
October	2,616	4,660
November	2,260	4,059
December	2,982	5,125
Total	7,858	13,844

During this period, according to reports, 3,737 deaths were caused by pneumonia and 4,121 by influenza. The average mortality from pneumonia in the corresponding quarter of each of the previous eight years was 600, and the previous eight years was 600, and for influenza only 22.

ASSEMBLY IN RESOLUTION FOR IRISH FREEDOM

Kaney Measure is Passed, 11 Votes in Opposition

The assembly by a vote of 84 to 11 passed a resolution, offered by Assemblyman Kaney, Milwaukee, requesting the peace conference to grant the right of home rule to Ireland.

The resolution declares that "the people of Wisconsin believe that the right of self determination, of self rule ought to and does apply to all nations, no matter under whose rule such people are subject, and we believe further that the people of Ireland come within the classification."

Those voting in opposition were: Assemblyman P. M. Anderson, Bowman, Bullis, Chilsen, Downs, Hineman, Markham, McDowell, Ruka, Vaughan and Williams.

New bills offered in the assembly were:

Ansorge:—Increasing the compensation of the governor from $5000 to $10,000 annually.

Scharff:—Prohibiting the hunting of game birds with live birds as decoys.

Oakes:—Authorizing cities of the fourth class to pension policemen and their widows and orphans.

Scharff:—Closed season for mink in Horicon lake.

Donnelly:—Bringing occupational diseases under the compensation act.

Buckley:—Prohibiting the use of the flag for advertising purposes or the desecration of the flag by mutilating or trampling or by any word or act of contempt.

Anderson:—Increasing the fees of sheriffs and constables.

Buckley:—Providing for the extradition of persons of unsound mind.

McClone:—Open season for blue heron.

McClone:—Increasing the trapping fee from one to two dollars.

Week:—Providing that a conveyance may be acknowledged before a register of deeds.

Lorfeld:—Authorizing school inspectors to order the erection of new buildings or direct repairs on a finding that used buildings are unfit for occupation.

Kaney:—Providing that members of the boards of fire and police commissioners in Milwaukee shall be subject to confirmation by the common council.

Otto:—Making it optional for villages of 1,500 to incorporate as cities of the fourth class.

Otto:—Providing that probate court shall have power to issue orders to executives and administrators to direct payment of assessed income taxes on estate for a period of three years.

Carter:—Providing that the county superintendent shall endorse district report on the transportation of pupils.

Kaney:—Providing that court commissioners may call in substitute to act when they are unable to perform their duties.

Axel Johnson:—Broadening the terms of the statute exempting laborers and farmers from the provisions of the anti-trust law.

Ansorge:—Closed season for deer in Oconto, Marinette and Shawano counties.

Zarnke:—Providing a penalty for the sale of concentrated feeding stuff containing obnoxious weed seeds.

Young:—Permitting orders postponing the sale of personal property of deceased persons to liquidate indebtedness when conservator of the property demands such orders.

Olson:—Providing that city, town and village clerks, in municipalities where there are no employment agents shall act as such, for the purpose of getting laborers on farms.

Masaiakowski:—Supreme court unanimous to declare law unconstitutional.

Voice of the People

NO RESPECT FOR THE DEAD.

To the Editor of The Capital Times:

In reply to what some person published in the Wisconsin State Journal about C. F. Bender, a deceased man, on Monday, Feb. 3, we think it a base and cowardly act to run down a man who cannot stand up and defend himself. The deceased man may or may not have been guilty of his charge, but a person ought at least have respect for the dead. In our opinion the late C. F. Bender was a far more honorable citizen than the person who published that false statement. As to cheating the law, it cannot be called that because he did not wilfully take his own life. We suggest that the author of that statement make apologies.

DEFENDERS.

FRANCE WOUNDS DEEP BUT SHE WILL RECOVER

—LIEUT. RECAUD

Member of French High Commission is Speaker Here

"If the soldiers of Germany can afford to spend five years to destroy, they can spend a few more years to rebuilt what they have destroyed."

So said Lieut. Emile Recaud of the French army and a member of the French high commission to this country in his address on "The Reconstruction of Devastated France" at Music hall Tuesday.

He pictured the systematic program of destruction carried on by the Germans in France.

"The wound of France is deep, but France is not dying, and she is not going to die. France is going to recover and there are plenty of men full of activity and energy and women and children who have done the work of men who have spirit and love. With these France cannot die. She will stand and fight an economic war along with the rest of the nations, but all she wants is a chance to a fair fight.

"America, it is said, will draw a line through the figures that name the debt in money which France has incurred with her and France is duly grateful for the spirit which prompts such a move on the part of the American people, but something besides money is needed to restore France.

"There is no reason why her suffering should be called a handicap. It must not be a handicap if there is yet any justice left. She must be given a chance to recover and too slow recovery is no recovery, then Germany defeated would be Germany victorious.

"In the time of our great need we look quite naturally to our best friends for aid. We depend upon the allies to help us get on our feet financially. If we can get the machinery and the raw materials we can pay for them and our debt too in a few years.

In speaking of the terrible economic losses of the invaded portions, Lieut. Recaud said:

"At first the kaiser thought that within three or at the most four weeks, he would be in Paris. He planned to annex the northern districts to Germany, so in the early period the soldiers took only those things which would be of immediate use in the army. But three weeks and four weeks and all of four weeks had passed, but he was not in Paris.

"In 1915 the Germans were forced to give up their hope of annexation because the sentiment of the whole world was so against it, so they began her program of destruction.

"All the factories in the occupied districts were catalogued and offered to the German industries for sale. Thus they got good implements into Germany at a reasonable price and at the same time brought money to the war treasury from the sale of the stolen goods. Sometimes they would pay for the machinery and other materials with 'scraps of paper,' and sometimes they would forget this ironical courtesy. If the machines were too heavy to carry or too old model they were reduced to scrap and sent to the munitions factories. Nothing should remain, nothing has.

"They flooded the mines and burned the mine shafts. They blew up the wells and destroyed whole villages, homes of civilians.

"One day when I was returning from the front, after giving the password to the guard, I asked the distance to a small village which I knew to be in that neighborhood. The guard said, 'You now stand in the midst of the village, monsieur.'

"I gazed about, but found nothing as high as myself of all those familiar walls and landmarks of the little village.

"We have won and we rejoice in our victory, but when I hear people say 'Well, it is all over there,' I want to say, 'No, far from that. France has many wounds to heal and she looks to her best friends to help her recover."

MORE ONE MAN CARS GIVE RISE TO REPORTS

2 on Wingra Park Line Run Without Conductor Today

Two Wingra Park cars operated as one man cars this morning gave rise to the report that the Madison Railways company was preparing to put into effect on their entire system the one man car plan.

The two Wingra Park cars came along this morning with signs "Enter at the Front" displayed on the vestibule and with the rear door closed.

It was stated today, however, that the one man car system will not be extended and that today's change on Wingra Park cars was due to sickness among conductors.

The Capital Times this morning received a letter signed John X. Wilson, which follows:

"The Street Car Co. has now got the thin end of the wedge in, and are operating their 'safety cars' with one operator.

"Can you hazard a guess as to how long it will be before they will be running all their cars, 'safety' or 'non-safety' with one man?

"Their main argument was 'For the safety of the public' in their advertising; just notice if it does not turn out to be more 'For the Pockets of the Stockholders,' and the 'Safety of the public be damned.'"

NO ACTION ON HOG PRICE FIXING

CHICAGO—The permit system of embargo on hog shipments was lifted today at points east of Chicago except Indianapolis. With reference to rumors that the practice of fixing a minimum price for hogs would cease with this month, Everett Brown of the hog committee of the food administration, said that no action had been taken on the subject.

STUDENTS PREFER 40 WINKS

BELOIT—Beloit college students prefer a short noon hour to the loss of 20 minutes' sleep in the morning, according to a vote on a petition to the faculty to change chapel hour from 12 to 11:40 a. m., which was cast at a meeting of the associated students held recently. More students prefer the former time, probably because the change would necessitate the holding of the first class in the morning at 7:30 rather than at 8 o'clock, the hour at which recitations now begin.

ADVERTISEMENT

DECIDES TO BE A LIVE ONE

Young Man Comes Back

One of our young men sure has come to the front in short order and his friends are at a loss to understand his untiring energy and ability to work and get results, where only a few weeks before he seemed to be all run down and almost a nervous wreck.

Questioned by a curious friend as to the cause of the sudden change, he said: "I sure was in bad shape and no one knew it better than I did. It had my goat for fair. I was all in and my nerves shot to pieces with worriment and sleepless nights. One day I overheard a customer telling what Phosphated Iron had done for him and I could not get a supply quick enough.

"That's the whole story, just Phosphated Iron. My poor tired overworked nerves just seemed to be Phosphate-hungry, the way they took hold of it, and say what a relief. I felt like a new man. Could sleep at night, and get up in the morning feeling like a two-year-old. Believe me, I had some appetite too, my weight increased rapidly, my face filled out and had the color of perfect health that only goes with pure blood, well fed with Iron.

"You can bet I am strong for Phosphated Iron. Everyone who tries it is a booster.

"Do you know even the doctors are prescribing it; trust them to get next to a good thing".

Special Notice: To insure doctors and their patients getting the Genuine Phosphated Iron we have put in capsules only, so do not allow dealers to sell you pills or tablets.

C. N Naffz, the druggists, and leading druggists everywhere.

WANT COUNCIL TO CONTINUE WORK

Women's Committee to Ask Money for Defense Board

By a unanimous vote the women attending the state-wide conference of the woman's committee of the state council of defense decided to continue the work of that organization providing the legislature grants funds for carrying it on.

The action came at the end of a two hours' round table when each county worker voiced the sentiment of her organization. Few were in favor of disbanding.

Mrs. E. F. Bickel of Oshkosh moved that a committee consisting of Mrs. E. O. Thompsen, Mrs. William Kittle and Miss Mary Oakley be appointed to see that a bill is introduced in the legislature asking for an appropriation to carry on the work of the committee.

CAPTURE VOLHYNIA.

COPENHAGEN—Zhitomir, capital of the Volhynia government, has been captured by the Bolsheviki, according to information reaching here.

Estate of William Pfaff—Decree granting administration with bond for $5,000.

Miss Ryan of the Smith College Relief Unit in France speaks in assembly chamber of the capitol tonight at 8:15. The public is invited. Admission free.

THE HUB
Karstens & Schmitz Co.

Mother!

Our Boys' Department Offers Some

Exceptional February Boys' Bargains

100 Dozen Boys' Heavy Ribbed Stockings

The best in the market and the kind that will retail at 50c to 65c this spring—we offer at..... 40c and 45c

75 Dozen Blouses

In two lots, light, medium or dark patterns—fast colors 69c and 85c

We bought these goods at last spring's cotton prices in large quantities and for this reason can offer at these figures.

The Wise Mother will anticipate her needs now and stock up on these every day necessities.

Boys' Suits

Great vals. at $7.85, $8.85, $10.85

All Boys' Overcoats and Mackinaws at 20% Discount

Liberal Discounts

On Sweaters, Caps, Underwear, Pajamas, Gloves, Mittens, Etc.

KARSTENS & SCHMITZ CO.
THE HUB
MADISON, WIS.

And now for a smashing wind-up

Our Big Mid-Winter Clearance Sale ends next Saturday night

—and to make the last three days as big as the first, we have arranged some more

Big Business Getters

SHOES

Lot 1. Women's $5 to $7.50 John Kelly Shoes, final clearance, pair..... $2.45

Lot 2. Men's English and broad toe, black and brown, $5.00 and $6.00 grades, pair..... $3.95

Dry Goods

Lot 1. 27 inch Outing Flannel, yard..... 20c

Lot 2. 36 inch Ideal Percales, yard..... 24c

Lot 3. Crepes and Voiles, yard..... 20c

Lot 4. Special prices on Muslins and Pillow Tubing.

Canvas and Jersey Gloves, the 25c grade at **3 for 50c**

Special on Silks for last three days
Georgette Crepes, Taffetas and Messalines, $2.50 and $2.25 values at..... $1.49

Hockey Caps and Sweaters **1-4 off**

GROCERY SPECIALS

Sun Prairie Corn & Peas at 15c a can

Dauntless—Blue Jay Brooms and Little Polly, $1.25 values, one to a customer..... 89c

Big can Tomatoes..20c

Big Ben Salmon.....25c

Don't fail to take advantage of the prices. They are good only until Saturday night.

Schenk-Huegel Company
East Side Department Store
Phone B. 7909-7910 We Deliver

Radiators Repaired Right
J. T. KELLEY
112-114 S. Franklin
2nd Floor

Dr. R. W. Niederer
has resumed his practice of Dentistry in new offices over "The Hub"
Phone Badger 2820.
22-24 W. Mifflin St.

I REPAIR LUGGAGE
If you don't want to pay NEW Luggage, let me repair the old. It will be repaired right.
Brown, The Trunk Man
Phone 758. 206 E. Main St.

The Two Best Places To Eat
HOME
—and—
Cop's Cafe
Jas. I. Coppernoll ("Cop"), Proprietor

Sannes Beauty Parlor, 317 State St. Operator, F. Rieser. We use only ice water from Lake Mendota for shampooing. Preparation from Western Hair Goods Co. for sale. Phone 4977.

THE REIDER CO.
GROCERS
1254 E. Wash. Ave. Ph. B. 5342
Why Not Stop on Your Way Home From Work?
GLAD TO SEE YOU
A Trial Order Will Convince You. WE DELIVER.

CHOICE LEAN HAMS
7 to 8 lbs. each
— 25c lb. —
Bring Your Basket
Other goods at Cash and Carry Prices
CAPRON'S GROCERY
Bassett and Mifflin Streets

SOCIETY

The Olympic club members held their annual banquet Wednesday at the Capital house. Covers were laid for fourty. "Vinnie" Coates presided as toastmaster. The speakers were Charles Fry, who talked on "Good Fellowship"; Henry ... who gave the "History of ... Club," and Lynn Spring, who talked on "Advantages of Social Activities." Following the banquet the members were entertained at an ... party.

* * *

Miss Lucette H. Marder, daughter of John Marder, will be married to ... Knabeck, East Washington avenue, Tuesday, Feb. 11. The Rev. ... Meyer of the Holy Redeemer church will perform the ceremony

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Herman J. Vitense, ... avenue, entertained for their daughter, Miss Mildred, in honor of her tenth birthday anniversary. The guests were the Misses Mary Williams, Lucille Carnes, ... Wilson, Marie Wilson, Lois ..., Berdella Milbrook, Marie ..., Ruth Olson, Janet Riley, ... Riley, Gladys Stark, Phyllis ..., Medora Helmus, Leota ..., Florence Burns, Sylvia ..., Delta Siebert, Delia and ... Berthold, Josie Nichols and ... Fess, Lowell Marsh, Howard Neiderman, Clarence Olson, ... Mooradian, Walter Stock, ... Ahrens, Earl Stark, William ..., Robert Faust, Norman ... Leslie Le Febvre, Vernon Davis and Eugene Handford.

* * *

Mrs. Cerdelia Harrison, Langdon apartments, will entertain about 30 alumnae of the Pi Beta Phi sorority this evening.

* * *

An automobile attraction will be ... at the community social ... tonight at the Westminster church. The committee in arrangements is composed of the Messrs. R. H. Morrison, chairman; ... R. Kommers, W. F. Kinne, ... M. Wells, J. M. Dorrans and ... E. Fracker.

* * *

The Delta Kappa Epsilon sorority will entertain an informal dancing party Friday evening at the lodge, ... Henry street. The chaperones will be Mr. and Mrs. Edward ... Samp and Mr. and Mrs. O. M. ... of Glencoe, Wis.

* * *

Frederick E. Wolff, secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., is in Milwaukee this week. He is delivering a series of lectures to the young people of the Milwaukee high schools.

* * *

Miss Lillian Winters, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Winters, 1834 ... avenue, left this morning for Colonia, N. J., where she was ordered to report at the United States general hospital, No. 3, as reconstruction aide in physio-therapy.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Reese and son, ... Sommers avenue, left recently for Treston, Cuba, where they will spend the summer. Mr. Reese is chief engineer for the United States Sugar company.

* * *

The Lucius Fairchild Woman's Relief corps meets tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in the G. A. R. room of the capitol. Work for the Red Cross will be done. The regular meeting will be held in the evening at 7:30 o'clock in Memorial hall, Monona avenue.

* * *

H. R. Tiers, agency supervisor of the Great Northern Life Insurance company, has gone to Wausau to attend a meeting of the $250,000 club to be held Feb. 7 and 8.

* * *

A luncheon for the benefit of the Syrians, Armenians, and Jewish relief fund will be served by the Woman's Aid society of Our Savior's Lutheran church, corner of East Washington avenue and Hancock street, Saturday afternoon, Feb. 8, from 2 to 5 o'clock. The ladies will then serve a pork and bean dinner from 5:30 to 7:30 o'clock.

* * *

The Young People's society of ... Lutheran church will hold a regular meeting tonight at the church parlors. Miss Clara Sand... will entertain. Lieut. H. D. ..., recently returned from ..., will tell of his experiences ... trenches.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FLAT of 5 rooms or 6 room house wanted on east side in Elmside or Hudson Park. Phone Badger 1767.

East Bristol Couple In Golden Wedding Anniversary



Mr. and Mrs. John Ziebarth, Sr.

On Tuesday, Feb. 4th, Mr. and Mrs. John Ziebarth, Sr., of East Bristol, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at their home in East Bristol, surrounded by their children, grand children and old friends and neighbors.

Since their youth, they have made their home in the vicinity of Columbus and East Bristol. Mr. Ziebarth, was, for seventeen years, manager of Former Governor Lewis' farm near Columbus.

Mr. Ziebarth, 87 years old, retains a remarkable vigor and buoyancy of spirit with a keen interest and healthy outlook of life.

Mrs. Ziebarth, ten years younger, suffered a paralytic stroke eighteen months ago, but recovered to a large extent.

Both are held in high esteem and reverence fo rtheir fine integrity of character and many sterling qualities.

Having always been engaged in agricultural pursuits, they even to this day take the greatest pleasure in the first class produce of their garden tended with their own hands, though they retired from farming several years ago.

Their children are John Ziebarth, Mrs. Henry Weisensel of Hampden, Joseph A., of Morrisonville, Mrs. Frank Weisensel of Columbus and Andrew of East Bristol. All reside within twelve miles from them, all married and ten grandchildren complete the family circle.

EKERN SPEAKS AT MEETING OF MUTUALS

Says Move Now On To Discontinue Filing of Reports

Delegates to the regular biennial meeting of the State Association of Mutual insurance companies devoted the early part of the day to a discussion of subjects pertinent to the welfare of town mutual insurance organizations. Addresses were delivered during the morning by Thomas Johnson, of Holmen, who talked on fire causes and outlined plans to keep losses at a minimum, and H. L. Ekern, of Chicago, who talked on "Excess Insurance for Mutual Companies."

Following Mr. Ekern's address, he conducted a question box, presided over by Thomas A. Roycroft, president of the organization. Questions of legislation necessary for the consolidation of town mutuals attracted considerable attention. Mr. Ekern was also asked to explain why insurance companies not paying income taxes were forced to make a report. He said that negotiations are now on with federal authorities which will probably result in the filing of affidavits instead of the longer lists. Such affidavits, he said, would merely state that the company had no taxable profits.

"The Obligations of Mutual Insurance companies to the State" was the subject selected by W. A. McEwan, of Milton Junction, who was scheduled to deliver his address at the late afternoon session. The election of officers late today will conclude the meeting here. Sessions are being held in the supervisor's room at th court house.

WAGES REDUCED BY BUTTE MINERS

Notices Are Posted in Montana Today; Begins Tomorrow

BUTTE, Mont.—The five principal mining companies of the Butte district today are posting notices at their mines announcing a reduction of $1 in wages, beginning with tomorrow.

THREE PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH IN SEATTLE

SEATTLE, Wash.—Three persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the Tokyo house, a lodging house in the lower part of Seattle early today. Twelve were reported missing and 14 injured as a result of the fire.

Quick Sales and Small Profit

The Paris Fashion Shop
The SHOP OF REAL VALUES

Save Money by Buying for Cash

W. Z. Mendelson, Mgr. 121 State Street



Friday and Saturday

EXTRA! No Longer a Question of Price FINAL Reductions in

Coats $23.50

Hundreds of our Finer Winter Coats in Women's, Misses' in this sensational Clean-Up Sale at a price that makes this the Biggest Coat Sale in our history.

Now for the COAT-DRESS-SUIT EVENT of the YEAR

READ this Item!---Note the Price---Then come for the biggest values you ever bought!

Coats, Suits and Dresses that today cannot be bought at prices which we are offering them to you during this sale.

Women's and Misses' sizes, formerly sold up to $25.00 NOW...... **$14.95**

Plush Coats

Just a few left. While they last ....

$19.95

Formerly sold up to $39.00.

AFTER ALIENS

District Attorney in Statement on Conditions in Wisconsin.

Deportation of troublesome aliens will follow attempts to spread anarchy in Wisconsin, declares U. S. District Attorney A. C. Wolfe.

Federal authorities are investigating many individuals in the state who are suspected of being undesirables. Prosecutor Wolfe is preparing opinions upon the cases.

"The federal law gives ample means for control of any such movement instigated by aliens," declared Attorney Wolfe. "That law is going to be enforced in this district." "I do not doubt that there will be cases of deportation in this state. We hope they will be few."

BURNSON WINS IN ODD LITIGATION

Jury Finds Road Overseer Had No Right to Cut Fence

A jury in superior court late today returned a verdict for Ole Burnson, a farmer, who was accused of malicious assault by John K. Johnson, a road overseer. Both live at Bristol.

Johnson brought action to recover damages aga nst Burnson following an altercation early in January over making a road across the latter's property. According to Burnson, the road overseer came "intoxicated and looking for trouble." In a fight, Burnson finally drew a knife and slashed Johnson about the face and neck.

Attorney Carl N. Hill, acting for Johnson, painted his client as a conscientious public official seeking to make a road through the snow so that citizens might pass and pointed Burnson out as a property owner who "thought more of a dollar's worth of damage" than of public comfort.

Attorney R. N. Nelson contended that Johnson was not so anxious about the road as he was to force trouble with Burnson. The case attracted considerable interest at the courtroom, being well filled both yesterday and today.

LIBERTY BONDS.

NEW YORK—Liberty bonds 3½s 98.98; first convertible 4s 93.04; second 4s 92.80; first convertible 4¼s 95.20; second 4¾s 94.28; third 4¼s 95.10; fourth 4¼s 94.06.

FIRE ON JOHNSON STREET

Firemen of No. 4 station were called out earl ytoday when a fire was discovered in the chimney of the home of James Feeney, 105 West Johnson street. The blaze was extinguished with small loss.

LABOR OFFICIAL HERE

Henry Ohl, of Milwaukee, state organizer for the State Federation of Labor, is in the city today. He is interested in labor legislation scheduled for hearing.

ENGLAND IS DEFENDED BY U. S. SENATORS

King, Poindexter and McCumber Join in Defense of Embargo

WASHINGTON—Senate discussion of the new British import embargo swung to defense of the British policy of protecting her industries and the Weeks resolution, looking to a protest to England by the state department, was displaced and sent to the senate calendar. Its further consideration will require a majority vote.

Senators King of Utah, democrat, and Poindexter, of Washington, and McCumber of oNrth Dakota led in contending that England was justified in defending her industries. Despite the reference of his resolution to the calendar, Senator Weeks said he planned at the first opportunity to call it up again, confident of favorable action.

In defense of the British policy, Sen. Poindexter said:

"Taking the large impartial view, I think Great Britain was justified. We ought to look out for our interests as France and England are entitled to look out for theirs."

Sen. McCumber, advocating an embargo on Canadian and Australian wheat, in order to maintain the American wheat guarantee, said congress would resent an interference by the British parliament in an American domestic policy.

"I protest," said Mr. McCumber, "against criticising any nation for doing exactly what we have been doing or will do."

AT THE THEATRES

NEW STRAND.

"The Man of Bronze" is the title of a new World picture starring Lewis S. Stone, which will be shown today at the New Strand theater. Mr. Stone is seen in the role of a western rancher who is in love with a western girl. The girl comes east to study art and the rancher follows her, only to make a discovery which sends him back home and makes him burn the house he had erected for his bride. However, everything ends happily for the two. Marguerite Clayton plays opposite Mr. Stone ir this production.

"MICKEY."

"Mickey" is without doubt the most realistic one ever seen in pictures. The supporting cast is excellent. George Nichols, as the old miner, and Minnie Ha Ha, the squaw, as the servant, are true types. The comedy depends entirely on the acting of the star and also on the judicious directing. Mr. Sennett has certainly put in a lot of human touches. The story is a straight drama, it is a clean picture and ought to appeal to all audiences. "Mickey" will be shown today, tomorrow and Saturday, two performances each afternoon at 2 and 3:45, two each evening at 7 and 8:45. Come early and avoid the crowds.

SAYS FEELING TOWARD U. S. IN MEXICO BETTER

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON—American hights in Mexico will be amply safeguarded by the Mexican government, according to Ambassador Fletcher, who is here for conferences with state department officials.

The ambassador declared the feeling toward this country had become more friendly since the "Recall of the German minister, the notorious Von Eckhardt, and the consequent cessation of anti-American propaganda."

President Carranza in the last two years, he said, had accomplished a great work in preparing for development and reconstruction and in reorganizing the public service and had made such headway in this respect that the various bandit leaders now were without real influences were operating in small bands. He was emphatic in the statement that Carranza was the real power in Mexico.

At Oakland

OAKLAND, Cal.—Two thousand ship workers, termed as "helpers" to other craftsfi, went on strike in Oakland today for the right to cail themselves full mechanics and to secure a wage increase.

ADVERTISEMENT

IF KIDNEYS AND BLADDER BOTHER

Take Salts to flush Kidneys and neutralize irritating acids.

Kidney and Bladder weakness result from uric acid, says a noted authority. The kidneys filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread, the water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation and is very profuse; again, there is difficulty in avoiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailments to overcome. Get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs which then act normally again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by uric acid irritation. Jad Salts is splendid for kidneys and causes no bad effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia- water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.

ADVERTISEMENT

The Menges Pharmacies Say

After each meal—YOU eat one

EATONIC

(FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE)

and get full food value and real stomach comfort. Instantly relieves heartburn, bloated, gassy feeling, STOPS acidity, food repeating and stomach misery. AIDS digestion; keeps the stomach sweet and pure.

EATONIC is the best remedy and only costs a cent or two a day to use it. You will be delighted with results. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. Please call and try it.

The Menges Pharmacies, Madison, Wis.

The Hospital Must Be Ready at ALL Times to Serve the Community

With your cooperation this is possible

Be a Booster—Help Us to Help Others. Sign and Mail This Pledge TODAY.

MADISON GENERAL HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION,
Madison, Wisconsin:

I hereby pledge the sum of $.......... (annually) to the Madison General Hospital Association, to be applied to the Charity Account.

It is understood that I shall be credited with an amount equal to that contributed toward the payment of any hospital bill incurred by me or those dependent upon me during the current year.

I enclose check for $......... to cover pledge. I prefer to make payment during the month of............

Signed..............................
Address..............................
(Street and number)

Date ....
(Town) ... ...

A contribution of $5.00 or more entitles you to a membership in the Association.

TWO MORE DAYS LEFT

of our sale on odd pieces of furniture. Some very good numbers left

C. R. JERDIN

Successor to Greig Furniture Co

113 King St. 119 S. Pinckney

THE CAPITAL TIMES

An Independent Newspaper

WILLIAM T. EVJUE, Editor

Entered as second class matter December 13, 1917, at the post office at Madison, Wis., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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SAME STORY AT CHICAGO

THE congressional committee investigating the National Security League has been holding some hearings in Chicago.

The story that has been revealed in Chicago is the same story that was revealed in New York: The same familiarity of the league with the moneyed interests is again shown.

We find in Chicago that great interest in the loyalty of members of Congress was shown by such sterling patriotic aggregations as the Surface Lines company, the Commonwealth Edison company, the Peoples' Gas company and the elevated lines.

Congressman Caraway brought out information that funds with which to elect "loyal" candidates to congress were subscribed as follows: Surface Lines Company, $1,500; Commonwealth Edison Company, $1,000; Peoples' Gas Company, $1,000; Elevated lines, $500.

Mr. Busby, the head of Chicago's railway lines, has like our own Security league member, Mr. Montgomery, bilked the people of Chicago out of thousands of dollars of increased street car fares. Mr. Busby did the soliciting of funds for the Chicago chapter of the league.

The Chicago chapter, the testimony shows, was organized at the instigation of another Chicago dollar patriot. The league was organized by Charles L. Dering, the coal man, when he was president of the Chicago Association of Commerce.

It appears that the Brundage faction in Illinois politics has the kindly eye of Big Business. And so we find that candidates for Congress favored by the Brundage faction had the loyalty O. K. of the security league. The candidates that stood by the people and thereby incurred the enmity of the Brundage faction were held up as "disloyal."

Congressmen Mason and Britten gave some interesting testimony at the hearing judging from the following story in The Chicago Tribune:

> Representative Mason charged that he had been given to understand that opposition to him would be withdrawn if he issued a statement favoring the traction ordinance, which was up for approval at the election. He refused to give the name of the person who had asked his support for the traction ordinance.
>
> Representative Britten referred to Samuel Insull as actuated by pro-British feelings, and described Edgar A. Bancroft as a "corporation cootie."
>
> "The opposition of the Chicago branch of the league came from men born in England or connected with corporations making profits out of the war," said Mr. Britten. "Samuel Insull was once referred to by a London paper as the most prominent Britisher in America. Up to last year he ate every Christmas dinner in England.
>
> "Edgar A. Bancroft, a corporation cootie, represents the International Harvester company and several other corporations. His heartstrings were in the war."

Gradually the inside story of the work of the Security league is being brought out. And gradually the story is coming out to show that "loyalty" in the estimation of the Security league means loyalty to privilege and wealth.

DID THEY FORGET THE PEOPLE?

THE Wisconsin delegation to the League to Enforce Peace is an interesting study.

We know of no group of people to whom the problems of peace and reconstruction are more important than the farmers and laborers. They comprise the majority of the people of the state.

What representation are they given in this Great Lakes delegation?

Out of some seventy delegates we find the names of two farmers.

WE DO NOT FIND THE NAME OF A SINGLE LABORING MAN.

We do, however, find the names of eight bankers; we find the names of twelve lawyers; we find a goodly array of manufacturers.

But the farmers and laborers are sadly lacking in representation.

Perhaps the gentlemen who have the destinies of the league to ENFORCE peace in hand have other viewpoints to further than the viewpoints held by the farmer and the working man.

BEVO BUMS AND INFLUENCE

WHY are the names of the Bevo Bums so carefully withheld from the public?

We are informed that these young men come from some of our "best families."

Is that the reason?

When a poor boy, without influence and without money, gets into trouble there is no difficulty in getting full particulars.

Is it another illustration of the common charge that the laws grind differently for those of influence than they do for those without influence?

If the laws have been violated why isn't the public entitled to the facts?

JUSTICE TO RUSSIA

(From The Nation.)

From the start the unfriendly intent behind allied intervention in Russia was revealed by the frank, though futile opposition of President Wilson. The excuses offered from time to time by the governments engaged in crushing what the Germans had left of the Russian revolution were dishonest and hypocritical, but they served their purpose for the time being. They quieted the protests of timid liberals. But the propaganda of lies and suppression of facts was indeed a house built upon the sands.

Even to persons who had no way of knowing the flimsy stuff of which the building was made, the course of the allies in Russia must sometimes have seemed perplexing. The newspapers talked of German arms and German gold, and autocratic rule in Russia, and disorder and terror, and the Czecho-Slovaks, but every man with sympathy and imagination must have been something more. He must have seen a great people struggling with the hardest problems a nation has ever faced; struggling to build out of disorder and corruption a new untried society, struggling to demobilize without suffering and upheaval 14,000,000 war-sick men and to create fresh forces to defend the new-born revolution, struggling against German domination and intrigue and czarist plots, struggling most fiercely of all against the horror of starvation—struggling, yet holding its head high and shouting its faith to an indifferent world.

He should have seen something of this. But if he failed to see before, surely he must see now; for the whole structure of falsehoods and excuses has collapsed. The "unstable" soviet government has lasted a year and a month in the face of all its trials and its enemies. The need of an eastern front against Germany disappeared with the signing of the armistice. The duty of chasing the Germans out of Russia disappeared at the same time, and German troops were actually invited to stay in the invaded parts of Russia to help the allies in "preserving order." The Czecho-Slovaks are discovered to have been offered by the bolshevist government free passage through Russia if they would return home in peace. Arms and materials of war are no longer in danger of falling into the hands of an imperial Germany.

The most hostile critics of bolshevism are now loudest in their assertions of its complete hold upon the people of Russia. And as for the disorder and chaos and terror which have formed the most recent and widely-advertised allied excuse, the New Statesman, always bitter in its opposition to the bolshevist government, is reported as saying in its latest issue. "Order is more thoroughly established in Russia now than at any time since the fall of czardom. Food distribution is better organized than at any time during the whole war. Factories are rapidly starting up again as fast as raw material can be obtained. * * * Terror has ceased. It has been greatly exaggerated."

New voices are being raised in every country demanding the facts about Russia, demanding the reasons for intervention, demanding action by the peace conference. It looks as though allied statesmen would be forced to listen, at least, and to answer. The latest reports from Paris indicate that the allies do not intend for the present to undertake intervention on a large scale, but are to keep their troops in Russia to give "moral support" to those "orderly" governments that are or may be in existence, and send forces into the Ukraine to relieve the departing Germans.

This is the moment when the question is up for decision, when every word counts. Will the cry of the people be loud enough to carry through the padded walls of the palace at Versailles? The men who will gather there are commonly called statesmen but they are also politicians, and politicians will always listen to the voice of the people if it is loud enough and speaks in no uncertain terms. Not as political partisans or "intellectuals" or "liberals," but as honest men of decent impulses, we Americans must tell the government that represents us the only course that seems to us to accord with the principles of self-determination which it has proclaimed.

We ask the withdrawal, as rapidly as physical conditions permit, of all American troops from Vladivostok and Northern and Southern Russia, and meanwhile the complete cessation of hostilities. We ask that the plans announced for a military expedition into the Ukraine be abandoned. We ask the recognition of the soviet government and, as the immediate consequence of such action, negotiations leading to the establishment of commercial relations with Russia. We ask that diplomatic and other accredited agents of the soviet government be received and that Boris Bakhmetiff, the so-called Russian ambassador, be deprived of the diplomatic and financial privileges now accorded him.

We ask that all unfriendly propaganda carried on by the government of the United States or any of its branches immediately cease. We ask that the government of the United States bring pressure upon the allies to abandon their present policy in Russia and secure, under threat, if need be, of complete dissociation from their plans, the withdrawal of all allied troops. We ask that representatives of the soviet government be admitted to the peace conference.

We ask the prompt dispatch, in co-operation with the soviet government, of food and clothing and necessary industrial and agricultural machinery for sale or free distribution. We ask these things for the Russian revolution and the starving people of Russia but even more we ask these things in order that the United States may for its own sake share in righting an intolerable wrong, that no man in this war shall have died for empty words and worthless phrases, and that from this time forth the world may be made forever safe for hopeful experiments and new adventures in democracy.

Voice of the People

LIKES THE PAPER.

To the Editor of The Capital Times:

It is with pleasure I send you $3 for another year subscription for The Times, the best paper in the state. Will say: You are a fearless set of fellows down there at Madison, doing splendid work and getting right to the bottom of underhanded business. Keep right after them and make them show their colors. We farmers have been pulling on the short end long enough, now let the other fellow take his medicine. Say, you members of the A. S. E., get some more of your brothers and friends to subscribe for The Capital Times. It will do them good to read it. We are coming slow but sure. Remember, "United we stand, but divided we fall." Wishing you everything good and great, I am,

ERIC AMBLE,
Pres. Wood County A. S. E.
Marshfield, Wis., 2-1-19.

THE DRAFT BOARDS

To the Editor of The Capital Times:

Find enclosed check for $3.00 to renew subscription.

I hope we will be able to find who got the money on our draft boards. I think in justice to the board members who served without pay and because we would like to know where our money went. It seems some of those who got pay justifies their position by what they could earn in their business. What of the soldier, Red Cross workers and others. As I understand it they served mostly without pay. I hope you will be able to lift the cover from all the profiteers in the country.

B. J.
Barneveld, Wis., Jan. 31. 1919.

WE CAN'T TELL YOU.

To the Editor of The Capital Times:

Can you explain in your paper why the boys are held in camps when needed at home? . . . . . .

R. M. D.
Bear Valley, Wis., Feb. 4, 1919.

ATTACK GERMAN PAPER

FOND DU LAC — Persons unknown to the police Monday night broke into the office of the Nord Westlicher Courier and destroyed a large part of the office and composing room equipment. They emptied all the type cases on the floor and burned out the motors. Nothing of value was taken. The proprietor, W. F. Weber, has five sons in the army. The paper is published in German.

Day's Casualty List

WOUNDED (DEGREE UNDETERMINED.)

Lieut. August A. Arens, Appleton.
Sergt. George Cobb, Delavan.
Pvt. Paul W. Karls, Dane.
Pvt. Albert H. Meer, West Bend.
Pvt. Benjamin Conforti, Kenosha.
Pvt. Julius F. Just, Milwaukee.
Pvt. Clarence W. Radmer, Port Washington.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY.

Major Willis J. Tack, Spencer.
Sergt. Charles W. Chamberlain, Kaukauna.
Sergt. Earl Chamberlain, Mauston.
Sergt. Lucien F. Jung, La Crosse.
Corp. Milton Schreiber, Milwaukee.
Corp. Gustav A. Hanson, Clayton.
Corp. Anthony Krollmann, Milwaukee.
Pvt. Nick Girard, La Crosse.
Pvt. Charles B. Adlam, West Allis.
Pvt. Walter M. Anderson, Balsam Lake.
Pvt. Truman Felton, Bruce.
Pvt. Earl T. Hebblewhite, Waupaca.
Pvt. Emil A. Lueders, Milwaukee.
Pvt. Erdman G. Segebrecht, Mazomanie.
Pvt. Ernest A. Degreef, Green Bay.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Pvt. Howard Patterson, Maiden Rock.

DIED OF DISEASE.

Pvt. Edward F. Kaczer, Neenah.

VENIREMAN IS EXCUSED

LA CROSSE—International trade conditions today brought an excuse from jury service in the circuit court here on Monday for William Sassman, La Crosse. He told Judge Higbee he was a flour salesman and that he had been idle for seven months because the government took over the product of the firm which employs him.

"Now when I get to work again I am called for jury duty," he said, "It wouldn't be so bad, but Argentina is selling wheat at the seaboard for $1.18 a bushel, while the United States demands $2.25." The court let him go.

WHERE GERMANY'S FIRST PRESIDENT MAY BE ELECTED



Royal theater at Weimar, Germany, and Frederick Naumann, who may be elected President.

Constructive Reconstruction

From the National Equity News

I wish it were possible for me to put before my readers the profound significance of a farmers' conference that was held at Washington, January 7th to 9th. To read the program of vision and purpose, which this conference put forth, is to renew one's sense of the ultimate justice that resides in the hearts of men. It makes me thrill with joy to think that it was by farmers—my farmer friends and readers of the grain belt among them—that this far-sighted, and splendid program of reconstruction was put together. Soon there will be gatherings of farmers in their home cities, to hear what these delegates, representing many farmer organizations, did at Washington. I am sure they will be ratification meetings, for I do not in the least doubt that this sane, self-constrained program will be approved by the farmers of America, who have so steadily supported the great war for "freedom for all, forever."

The program is now being distributed to such farm papers as care to take a progressive attitude on reconstruction policies, and is called "a policy and program of American farmers." One part deals with economic reconstruction in the United States, the other with international reconstruction. I am sure that every one of my readers will be glad to know that it follows closely President Wilson's announced policy of justice to all, that it makes no unreasonable demands, that it voices a sincere belief that democratic America can now return to a democratic basis, and that it has faith in making effective a world settlement that will end all wars.

The program begins by reciting briefly the sudden great demands that confronted the government at the beginning of the war, and how it became absolutely necessary to take control of many lines of industry to save our allies' and our own cause. This magnanimous statement of the principle that caused farmers everywhere to lay aside all ideas of profit and unite their energies and facilities for victory, is worthy of being read and reread by every farmer and every enemy of the farmer. It says:

> It is impossible for us to organize in militant fashion for our own defense. Nothing could justify a threat on our part to refuse to produce and thereby inflict hunger, and we are therefore justified in demanding of the government, of which we are no inconsiderable part, definite action that will lead to greater production and to cheapened distribution.

No, be it said to the glory and abiding patriotism of the farmers, they did not do, as did many powerful manufacturers, refuse to produce unless bribed by extortionate profits. The farmers protested only against being forced to produce for cost or less than cost, and asked only a fair profit. They had their profits limited on corn, wheat and meat by staute or regulation, while powerful industrial concerns, well organized in politics and finance, held our country up for profits that surpassed the wildest avarice that ever held a bleeding country by the throat. We are seeing daily reflections of it in the newspapers. We read hints that appall us in the United States attorney general's report, just issued. We know these things exist. But in spite of these grasping efforts of those who have too often denounced the farming class as miserly and disloyal, this farmers' conference at Washington put prejudice to one side and after three days of careful thought it announced a modest, but broad-visioned program. I think it will have a significant place in American history.

The program points out that monopoly of the channels of trade must not be allowed to continue; that either through government ownership or control of railroads, and such facilities as grain elevators, warehouses and cold storage plants, the consuming public must be assured the products of the farm without the great waste profits that many unnecessary middlemen now levy upon them. It is not an attack on the middlemen who are essential in distribution, but upon those who have seized power to make profits for themselves, while giving little service to the public.

The program calls for government ownership of transportation, including the railroads, and connected waterways. This transportation service, the conference held, should be rendered at cost "with the single view of reducing cost of transportation, securing fair treatment of those employed and facilitating the development and expansion of domestic manufacturing." Transportation, carried on as it has been in the past, was not primarily concerned with rendering the public the greatest service, and fair hours and wages to labor, but first and chiefly it was for making still bigger private fortunes for small groups of promoters and operators of railroads.

Several recommendations of the federal trade commission, relative to its discoveries while investigating the packing industry, are quoted verbatim and approved, among them being the recommendation that this business has become so universal and so vital that the government should take it over, to insure a fair and free outlet for all products and justice to consumers. It recommends municipal slaughterhouses for important cities.

With regard to demobilization some of the most constructive ideas are set forth; among them, the principle that an inventory of our industrial needs should be taken, and then the soldiers be released by industries, to meet these needs as soon as possible; that farmer soldiers or those who would like to go into farming should be released at the earliest moment, in order to begin replenishing the world's shortage of food; that war manufacturing plants should be at once started toward readjustment to peace conditions; and that soldiers, who are not fitted to enter industry or agriculture, be given intensive training courses under government direction before being demobilized.

I feel that on this point rests one of the grave responsibilities of our government. I fear that unless heroic and immediate steps are taken, our soldier boys, and their families, will before another year be reduced to a condition that it would have been hard to conceive a short time ago. Bread lines are a possibility in the near future, but if these farmer proposals are acted upon there need be no bread lines. It is a common-sense and generous thought that these fathers and brothers of the soldiers have tried to bring to the public attention.

Better financial credit for those who farm is also sought. Every farmer knows that it is not the well-landed farmer who needs credit most, and yet it is only such a one who can get the greatest benefit from our present rural credits law. I am glad to note the generous praise given our rural credit law by this farmer conference, and yet its insistence that credit be made available to tenants through cooperative effort, somewhat as it is in most of Europe, is worthy of careful consideration. One more step in the law would make this possible.

The conference approved an international congress of farmers to discuss agricultural problems of universal interest; demanded the repeal of the war laws restricting freedom of speech, etc.; demanded equal suffrage for women; better education for rural schools by including the study of industrial history; and broader patriotism directed towards reorganizing international justice rather than catering to mere national pride. I can not touch upon the international features of this splendid program here, but hope to do so in a later issue. In the meantime I would be glad to know what my readers think of its suggestions for the solution of our domestic problems, as stated above.

MORE ROAD LITIGATION

LA CROSSE — The McGilvray road, which was the immediate cause of the passage of the Bosshard law afterwards declared unconstitutional, is again in the courts. This time ex-Assemblyman V. S. Keppel of Holman and others are trying to obtain a writ of mandamus compelling the county board to take steps to repair the road which joins La Crosse and Trempealeau counties, but which has been impassable since the Black River Hatfield flood of 1911. Lawsuits over the road have occupied the time of the circuit and the state supreme courts for the past 15 years, the county steadfastly refusing to repair the highway with its string of bridges across marshy land.

CIVILIANS JOIN "RED" SOLDIERS IN REVOLT IN MOSCOW



Street scene near the Kremlin at Moscow.

This photo, one of the first to reach this country from Moscow, Russia, shows a parade in that city. Part of the civilian population has joined the Bolsheviki soldiers in their march through the town. Moscow has been one of the centers of Bolsheviki activities and bloody rioting has been reported there on several occasions. The photo was taken near the Kremlin.

Fresh Fruit Desserts—2c

Jiffy-Jell desserts, rich and fruity, cost but 2 cents per serving.

Each package contains a vial of fruit essence, made from condensed fruit juice.

Add boiling water, then this flavor, and you have a fresh-fruit dainty.

Compare Jiffy-Jell with the old-style quick gelatine desserts. You will find it five times better, yet it costs no more.

Millions now enjoy it.

Jiffy-Jell

10 Flavors, at Your Grocer's
2 Packages for 25 Cents

HEALTH SUNDAY FEB. 23, TO CURB SOCIAL MENACE

Government Asks Cooperation of Nation's Churches in Fight on Evils

WASHINGTON — As a step in a nation-wide campaign against the social evil, ministers and church leaders are urged in a pamphlet issued by the United States Public Health Service to observe February 23 as Health Sunday with special sermons and meetings that day devoted to discussion of means of improving morals.

Separate meetings for men and women are suggested to consider elimination of vice districts, education of children, the organization of a permanent community committee to improve civic conditions and to provide wholesome recreation, especially for returning soldiers.

"The public health campaign is a community task," said the Public Health Service's announcement. "The church, as an important part of the community, should not fail to help in this important work.

"Your whole community will be at the station 'when the boys come marching home.' Are you making sure that the profiteers of vice are not planning to take advantage of the days of festivity to dishonor them before they get settled again in the normal ways of life? Are you sure that demobilization will not mean demoralization?"

MEXICO ASKS AIRCRAFT TO FIGHT GENERAL VILLA

MEXICO CITY—General J. Augustin Castro, secretary of war and now in charge of military operations in the northern states, has asked that a squadron of airplanes be sent him in order to facilitate his campaign against Francisco Villa and other rebels.

ADVERTISEMENT

THIN PEOPLE SHOULD TAKE PHOSPHATE

Nothing Like Plain Bitro-Phosphate to Put on Firm, Healthy Flesh and to Increase Strength, Vigor and Nerve Force

Judging from the countless preparations and treatments which are continually being advertised for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing arms, neck and bust, and replacing ugly hollows and angles by the soft curved lines of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their excessive thinness.

Thinness and weakness are usually due to starved nerves. Our bodies need more phosphate than is contained in modern foods. Physicians claim there is nothing that will supply this deficiency so well as the organic phosphate known among druggists as bitro-phosphate, which is inexpensive and is sold by C. H. Naffz in Madison and most all druggists under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. By feeding the nerves directly and by supplying the body cells with the necessary phosphoric food elements, bitro-phosphate quickly produces a welcome transformation in the appearance; the increase in weight frequently being astonishing.

This increase in weight also carries with it a general improvement in the health. Nervousness, sleeplessness and lack of energy, which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, soon disappear, dull eyes becomes bright and pale cheeks glow with the bloom of perfect health.

CAUTION: — Although bitro-phosphate is unsurpassed for relieving nervousness, sleeplessness and general weakness, it should not, owing to its remarkable flesh-growing properties, be used by anyone who does not desire to put on flesh.

ZIONIST IDEA NOT BIG DREAM IS BELIEF HERE

Professor Wolfenson, of Wisconsin Sees Great Possibilities in Move

The return of the Jews to Palestine under a protectorate may be one of the results of the peace conference, according to L. B. Wolfenson, professor of Semitic languages in the University.

"The restoration of a Jewish state in Palestine is a vital possibility in view of the downfall of Turkey," said Prof. Wolfenson. "The land must continue as a threshold of two continents between Asia and Africa. England, which recaptured Palestine last year, needs a country fair and peaceful as a guarantee of the development of Egypt and as a protection for the Suez canal. Either an English or international protectorate for Palestine and Syria is bound to come.

"In this state of international politics, the presence of a highly civilized dependable people like the Jews in Palestine would be a wonderful element of stability. They are famous as organizers and developers and have shown great acumen and power in government where given an opportunity.

"Undoubtedly English or international governors and officials would have to be first placed in charge with a complete equality of taxation and opportunity before the law for all races in Palestine. As the Jews increased in numbers, government could be safely intrusted to them.

"There are great agricultural and industrial possibilities in Palestine. These the Jews could and would develop. The curiously purile objection stated by the anti-Zionist that the Jew would only preserve a few ancient sacrifices and prayers if allowed to return, and would gradually deteriorate and decay as did the Samaritans who lived only to preserve primitive customs of the desert and Exodus, is unworthy of any serious thinkers.

"It is inconceivable that the Jew who has led the world of throught in many fields of endeavor would now sink into the position of a hopeless and helpless custodian of worn-out rites.

"On the contrary, the roseate vision of the ardent Zionist of a Jewish state to which all his people would flock as to the signal of a trumpet presents many difficulties.

"The propagandist forgets the physical limitations of Palestine. Not more than 4,000,000 people could by any stretch of the imagination find a place in a country of not over 10,000 square miles of area. One-third of this territory would be quite unavailable for producing food. With a Jewish world population of about 12,000,000, it would be impossible for all Jews to return to Palestine.

In spite of physical difficulties however, a Jewish state could gradually be built up under an English or International protectorate.

Just as the Jew gave religion and morality to the world of old, it may be reserved for him to teach the world again how to keep religion and morality ever adapted to man's needs and to solve the problem of a real democracy of intelligence with real equality of opportunity for all. Possibly government may yet be a contribution of the Jew to the world."

Professor Wolfenson believes that only a small proportion of the three million Jews in America will return to Palestine. The majority of migrations will be from European countries where they have been oppressed. Jews in America will be slow to make a change.

PACIFIC COAST TO BOOM MANY BELIEVE

SAN FRANCISCO—An extensive development of shipbuilding and a wide expansion of maritime industry in all its branches is looked for by shipping interests of the Pacific coast with the return to the world of normal peace conditions. This expectation is based in a great measure on the fact that the Pacific coast suffered comparatively little by the demands of war, while at the same time its immense natural resources were extensively developed by the government for increased tonnage. The coast is now equipped with more than a modern shipbuilding plants, some of them among the largest in the country. These yards were equipped with every facility for turning out tonnage at the highest speed, and now that the war is over, these facilities will not be allowed to go to waste.

ONLY FOUR VOTERS IN FLORIDA COUNTY

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla.—Because only four voters in newly formed Flagler county paid their 1918 poll tax, Governor Catts of Florida has postponed until March 4 a special election in that county to name a member of the lower house of the legislature. The governor in his proclamation does not refer to the dearth of qualified voters, but says "several citizens of said county desire to have said election postponed."

Under a recent decision of the United States supreme court, which held that the legal quorum shall vote and be all sufficient, it was declared the four voters could have elected the representative had the election been held on the date originally set.

Flagler county originally was a part of St. Johns county, of which St. Augustine is the county seat.

New Taxes Are Levied In The Revenue Bill

(Continued from page 1)

dry" prohibition law to the district of Columbia.

Increasing from $25 to $1,000 the tax on those dealing in intoxicants, including "Stills" in prohibition territory.

For taxation of salaries of federal officials, including the president and judiciary but not of state officials.

For submission of all government contracts by contractors on demand of the Internal revenue commissioner.

For exemptions of 20 per cent to oil prospectors.

Establishing an advisory tax board of six members in the treasury, and restricting sale and use of narcotics by strengthening the Harrison drug act.

In agreeing upon war excess profits tax (confined to corporations) the conferees struck out the house alternative plan to levy on war or excess profits according to the highest yield, adopting the senate composite plan. The pre-war period standard of calendar years of 1911, 1912, and 1913 was retained as was the system of credits. Corporations with income less than $3,000 are exempted. Other limitations are for a maximum excess profits tax of 30 per cent this year and 20 per cent in 1920 of incomes under $20,000 plus 80 per cent in 1919 and 40 per cent thereafter on incomes over $20,000.

Estates taxes, substituted for the senate inheritance levies, and following the original house plan are imposed at rates lower than existing law. With a general exemption of $50,000 the new rates range from one to 25 per cent—the minimum on net taxable estates under $50,000 (after deducting of allowance) and the maximum of 25 per cent on estates of $15,000,000 and over. The existing graduated rates range from two per cent on estates under $50,000 to 25 per cent on estates exceeding $10,000,000, while the house proposed rates from three to 40 per cent.

The provision for taxes on transportation and other public facilities effective April 1, largely follows the existing law, but reduces from ten to eight per cent the levy on seats, berths and state-room accommodations in sleeping or parlor cars or on vessels, fixes the rate on telegraph, telephone, cable and radio messages at five cents on those costing 15 to 50 cents and 10 cents on those above 50 cents instead of the present five cent flat charge on messages costing 15 cents and more, and imposes a new tax on private or leased telephone or telegraph lines, except press wires, of 10 per cent of rentals. In fixing the passenger transportation taxes, the conferees adopted a senate amendment to exempt commutation trips of less than 30 miles or fare paid under two cents.

Insurance taxes effective April 1 at virtually existing rates, based on policies written, were adopted as proposed by the house, in lieu of the senate plan to tax insurance companies' incomes.

Beverage taxes, contingent on prohibition as adopted are: Distilled spirits for non-beverage purposes $2.20 per proof gallon, the present rate; distilled spirits manufactured, imported or when for beverage purposes, $6.40 per gallon, double existing law but with a "Relief" provision suspending certain charges on spirits held in bond by prohibition; beer and other fermented beverages, $6 per barrel, double present law; wines, double existing rates based on alcoholic contents also with a prohibition "Relief" provision permitting distillation of wines for industrial purposes; cereal beverages, or "Near beer" 15 per cent on sales, a new tax; grape juice, gingerale, root beer, pop, artificial mineral and carbonated waters and beverages and similar soft drinks, 10 per cent on manufacturers' sales. Instead of the present rate of one cent per gallon on natural mineral waters two cents per gallon, double present law.

A new tax, effective May 1, next, is one cent on each ten cents or fraction of retailers' sale of ice cream, soda water, sundaes and similar confections or drinks to be paid by consumers.

Cigarettes fixed by the conferees range from $1.50 per thousand, instead of $1, on cigars weighing three pounds or less per thousand to $15 per thousand, a 50 per cent increase on cigars sold in excess of twenty cents each. Cigarettes are taxed $3 per thousand instead of $2.05 on those not weighing more than three pounds per thousand and $7.20 per thousand instead of $4.80 on cigarettes weighing more.

Tobacco and snuffs are taxed 18 cents a pound, an increase of five cents.

Stringent provisions were adopted by the conferees to regulate dealers in leaf tobacco.

Amusement admission taxes in the bill, effective April 1, were increased only in a few instances. The general rate of one cent on each ten cents or fraction paid being retained after petitions bearing thousands of names were received protesting against an earlier agreement to double the rate.

Club dues are taxed ten per cent the present rate upon members of organizations charging more than $10 annually.

Excise or manufactured sales, taxes, including so-called luxuries covering a wide range of articles, including:

Automobiles, trucks and wagons, empting tractors, and their tires and accessories, 3 per cent, the present rate; automobiles and motorcycles and accessories 5 per cent, an increase of 2 per cent; pianos, organs (excepting pipe organs), players, talking machines, music boxes and records, 5 per cent, increased 2 per cent.

Sporting or athletic goods, etc., 10 per cent, increased from 3 per cent; chewing gum 3 per cent, increased 1 per cent; cameras 10 per cent, increased from 3 per cent; photographic films and plates 5 per cent, a new tax; candy 5 per cent, a new tax; firearms and portable electric fans, 5 per cent, a new tax; thermos bottles, 5 per cent, a new tax; wool rugs, 10 per cent, a new tax; fur articles 10 per cent, a new tax; yachts and motor boats for pleasure purposes and canoes costing more than $15, 10 per cent, a new tax; toilet soaps and soap powders, 3 per cent; sculpture, painting, statuary and other works 10 per cent with tax exemption for those sold to educational institutions or public art museums.

Semi-luxury taxes of 10 per cent, effective May 1 next, are retained. They are to be charged consumers of high price articles of personal wear, and returnable to the treasury by retailers. The ten per cent tax is levied on the excess paid above cost standards prescribed for various articles including the following:

Carpets and rugs, except of wool, $5 per square yard; picture frames, $10 each; trunks, $50; valises, traveling bags, suit cases, hat boxes and fitted toilet cases, $25; purses, pocketbooks, shopping and handbags, $7.50; portable lighting fixtures, including lamps and shades, $25; umbrellas, parasols and sun shades, $4; fans, $1; house and smoking coats or jackets and bath or lounging robes, $7.50; men's separate waist coats, $5; women's and misses' hats, bonnets and boods, $15; men's and boys' hats, $5; men's and boys' caps, $2; boots, shoes, pumps and slippers, $10 per pair, with special appliances for crippled persons exempted; men's and boys' neckties and neckwear, $2; men's and boys' silk stockings or hose, $1 per pair; women's and misses' silk stockings or hose, $2 per pair; men's shirts, $3 each; pajamas, nightgowns and underwear, $5 each; kimonos, petticoats and waists, $15 each.

Jewelry and imitations, precious stones, clocks, watches and similar articles are taxed five per cent, a new levy effective April 1, when sold by dealers.

Moving picture lessees or licenses are taxed five per cent of their total monthly rentals in lieu of the present footage tax on films.

Perfumes, toilet waters, cosmetics, tooth and mouth washes, pills, powders, patent medicines and similar articles are subject to a retail sales tax effective May 1, and payable by purchasers of one per cent on each 25 cents paid in lieu of present stamp taxes.

Special taxes provide for retention of the $1 capital stock tax of corporations and make levies effective Jan. 1 upon brokers, theaters, concert halls, etc., bowling alleys, billiard halls and pool tables, shooting galleries, taxicabs and sightseeing cars.

LA CROSSE—That he was plied with liquor and then induced to dispose of his interests in a hotel at Amherst, Wis., for alleged worthless lands in the west, was the testimony of Elliott Amundson of Amherst in his suit against A. B. Peterson, president of the Whitehall bank, and J. P. Rodgers, a St. Paul, Minn., real estate dealer. He swore he paid $7,000 for the hotel, that he sold his interests for $4,000 after he became intoxicated, and that he took land for that amount. He claims the land is worthless. The case will be settled in circuit court here soon.

FRENCH MISSION SEEKING NEW TRADE

AUCKLAND, New Zealand—The French war mission, headed by Gen. Paul Pau, visiting here, was warmly welcomed at Auckland, its first stopping place in New Zealand. One of the Frenchmen summed up the object of the mission this way: "We want to find out how Germany did her trade here, and then to take her place."

Orton - Today

FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN AND BEVERLY BAYNE IN 'A PAIR OF CUPIDS

GRAND

TODAY ONLY

LOUISE **GLAUM** —in— **"A LAW UNTO HERSELF"**

A War Picture—It's Different

ALSO

Larry Semon in a 2 Reel Big V Comedy

TOMORROW
BERT LYTELL
IN
THE SPENDER

New Show ORPHEUM -- Tonight --

TWO PERFORMANCES
7:30 and 9:00

All Comedy Bill

Franklyn Fay
720 Seconds of Vaudeville.

Thalero's Circus

Cliff Dean Players
In "Done in Oil"

Folsom & Brown
Piano and Song

Jess & Dell
The Human Puppets

News Pictures of World Events

MATINEE Tomorrow

NEW STRAND

TODAY ONLY



It is a different Western photoplay, and it is full of thrills, love and surprises. You certainly will enjoy it.

—ALSO

WHY GET A DIVORCE?
A ROLLICKING CHRISTY COMEDY

COMING TOMORROW
ELSIE FERGUSON IN
"UNDER THE GREENWOOD TREE."
COMING SUNDAY
MRS. CHARLIE CHAPLIN

If You Walk I Can Teach You to Dance

Results absolutely guaranteed.
THEATRICAL COACHING
From 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
SARI FIELDS
Badger 1806

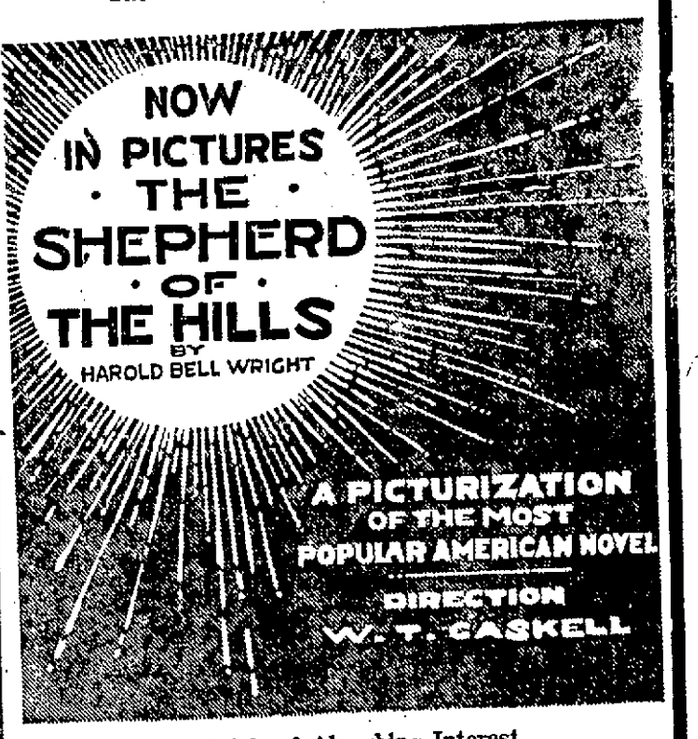
MAJESTIC MADISON'S PREMIER PHOTOPLAY HOUSE

LAST TIMES TODAY
DORIS KENYON
IN
"The Inn Of The BLUE MOON"
STORY BY: LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE.
THERE'S SOMETHING IN IT TO PLEASE EVERYBODY AND NOTHING TO OFFEND.
TOMORROW: GLORIA SWANSON in "WIFE OF COUNTRY"

FULLER 6 NIGHT MATINEES 6 STARTING MATINEE

Monday, February 10th

The World's Greatest Story Photoplay



Ten Reels of Absorbing Interest

Scenario Written and Directed by the Author Himself

Night Prices		Matinee Prices	
Lower Floor	50c	Lower Floor	50c
Balcony	35c	Balcony	35c
Gallery	25c	Curtain at 8:15 & 2:30	
Boxes	50c		

Plus The War TAX

Reserved Seats Now on Sale at Box Office

TODAY

$2 Show For Children 15c 25c

At The

FULLER

The World's Cleverest Comedienne
and
The Little Girl you will never Forget

MABLE NORMAND

In the long awaited "Mack Sennett" $300,000 Production

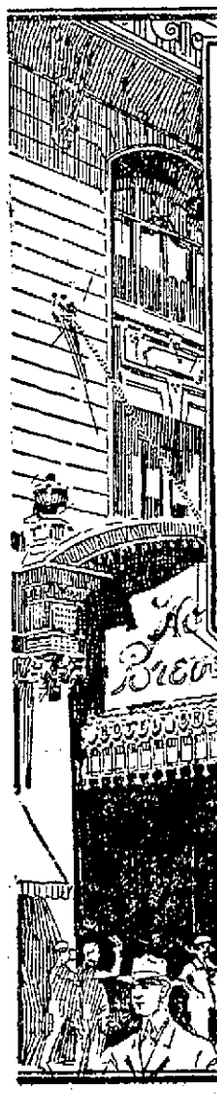
"Mickey"

The Sweetest most appealing Photoplay ever made—Replete with Pathos, Humor, Love, Intrigue, Action and Adventure.

SEE IT
Today, Tomorrow or Saturday

Matinees 2 & 3:45 Nights 7:00 & 8:45

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MADISON ST.
East of La Salle
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FIREPROOF EUROPEAN PLAN 350 ROOMS

2 blocks from State and Madison Streets—"the busiest corner in the world."

Pre-eminent among all the hotels in Chicago for quality of service at moderate cost.

A distinguishing characteristic of this busy, modern, up-to-the-minute hotel is the quaint charm of its genuine hospitality. Restaurant service of marked superiority at prices that are not excessive.

RATES PER DAY

Room, Detached Bath	-	$1.50 to $2.50
Two Persons	-	$3.00 to $4.00
Room, Private Bath	-	$2.50 to $4.00
Two Persons	-	$4.00 to $7.00

LAURENCE R. ADAMS, President
E. N. MATHEWS, Sec'y. and Treas.

SPORT NEWS

BOWLING SCORE FIGURES ARE NOT EXCITABLE

Sheboygan and Green Bay Fail to Startle the Fans

TOURNEY LEADERS

Team Event

Teddy's Buffets, Wausau.....2762
Badger Five, Madison.....2761
Frank's Restaurants, Madison..2753

Doubles

Pieper-Kraufthofer, Milwaukee.1234
Reichard and Gutman, Milwaukee 1100
Loftsgordon-Nordness, Madison 1149
Heim and Spangenburger, Milwaukee 1123
Buech and Dominick Milwaukee 1092
Dostal and Kaiser, Milwaukee.1084
Rasmussen and Olson, Madison 1088
Keel and Jaeger, Watertown..1078

Singles

F. Evans, Fond du Lac..... 638
R. Hunger, Wausau 619
D. Loftsgordon, Madison..... 612
W. Pieper, Milwaukee..... 608
Skinnie Knoche, Madison 605
A. Jaeger, Watertown..... 599

All-Events

Skinnie Knoche, Madison 1780
W. Pieper, Milwaukee.....1755
E. Nordness, Madison 1752
O. Loftsgordon, Madison.....1711
F. Evans, Fond du Lac.....1708

GREEN BAY, Feb. 6.—Additional "Boster team" scores were added to the state bowling tournament record book Wednesday.

There were no tallies worth mention. Local teams were in control of the drives and they failed to disturb present leaders. Sheboygan knights rolled individual events in the afternoon, but none came within hailing distance of the high men. It's all Green Bay today, also, and it is not likely any startling scores will be registered until Milwaukee squads swing into action Saturday.

VARSITY TO PLAY FAST HOCKEY TEAM

White Squadron of Milwaukee to Play at Carnival Saturday Afternoon

The White Squadron of Milwaukee, one of the fastest hockey teams in the country, will invade Wisconsin Saturday. Their clash with the varsity will be the big feature of the afternoon program of the Winter Sports Carnival.

Manager Brindley is bringing the Milwaukee seven as an especial attraction. They are one of the Upper Milwaukee River hockey league teams, and are a clever bunch, having already defeated the Great Lakes naval station puck pushers.

Coach Joseph Steinhauer is working hard with his organization and will put up an interesting fight. The Varsity line up will probably be as follows:

Warner, right wing; Teckmeyer, goal; Nott, rover; Dresen, cover point; Maedje, center; McCabe, left wing; La Dean, point; Baer, utility.

University officials are busy putting the rink in shape, and with thorough scraping and reflooding, the ice should be glassy Saturday afternoon.

The red and white admission tags being sold will admit the wearers to the event as well as to all other features of the big affair. Among the latter will be a men's double skating race, in which one participant will skate forward and the other backward; ladies' double race, both forward; mixed double; men's quarter mile dash; ladies' two lap dash; broad jump, men's one mile; ladies' half mile, and interfraternity and inter-sorority skating relays.

No entry fee will be charged for the above events. Skates, skis, skating and skiing caps, and other articles of a desirable nature will be offered as prizes.

OLYMPIC CLUB WILL PLAY LAKOTAS AGAIN

"Hank" Casserly will lead his Olympic club stars against the Lakota Cardinals again tonight at Janesville. The Madison team was beaten, 28 to 26, early in the season. Benway and Brumm, forwards; Casserly, center; Schneider and Spengler, guards, will probably be the Olympic line-up.

Casserly expects to play with the Cardinals from now on. Capt. "Vic" Hemming has been after the former Madison school star center for some time.

OREGON FIVE WINS, 32-15.

OREGON—Oregon high school defeated Mt. Horeb, 32 to 15, in a basketball game, here, Tuesday night. Olson, Mt. Horeb, was referee. The Oregon freshmen won from the junior high school five of Mt. Horeb, 10 to 5.

The Cigar You Like Is Here
Bugbee's Cigar Store
Soda Fountain
Pocket Billiards
Kresge Bldg. 104 S. Pinckney
Around the Corner

$100,000 OFFER LURES JESS WILLARD BACK TO PRIZE RING



Jess Willard.

By far the biggest bit of fight news in the last few years is the word from Chicago that Jess Willard, heavyweight champion of the world, has accepted an offer of $100,000 for a championship battle next summer. Tex Rickard, famous fight promoter, made the offer. Willard is to get that amount, win, lose or draw. It is the biggest purse in the history of the game. The fight will be held in the open air, probably July Fourth, Rickard says.

Strike and Spares

INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE

Capital Times—			
L. Schillinger ...	137	146	200
J. Schillinger	133	169	171
F. Schillinger ...	133	169	144
J. Yunger	183	222	156
R. Mergen	158	164	170
Totals	797	870	841
F. & J. No. 2—			
Oakey	179	190	206
Sikaski	192	188	213
Park	117	124	125
Hansen	115	147	156
Egge	173	203	177
Totals	776	852	857
4 Lakes 5—			
Ole Peterson	181	162	181
John Bassler	154	148	174
Bill Morrick	147	182	152
Phillips	181	121	212
Katheiser	205	212	222
Totals	868	825	939
Madison Kipp—			
McCurdy	181	201	202
Bill Boltz	181	224	192
Lee Elliott	177	177	147
Matt Mueller	174	145	158
E. Koch	154	158	226
Totals	867	905	925
Fuller & Johnson—			
Paulus	162	176	148
Hackett	133	158	120
———	125	125	125
Esser	185	202	191
Luckensmeyer ...	209	175	154
Totals	814	836	738
Gisholt—			
Grubb	195	151	163
Steinhauer	156	156	125
Goodrich	148	196	145
Clements	149	145	125
Volkman	188	160	181
Totals	836	808	739

PARK LEAGUE.

Shoe Factory—			
Linde	180	151	181
Dohr	126	166	140
Zwickey	171	176	177
Johnson	132	146	131
Peih	151	152	173
Totals	760	791	802
Kennedy Dairy—			
Coster	175	206	149
Rice	166	138	159
Beale	134	132	123
Carlson	134	151	155
Sharkey	132	139	150
Totals	734	774	736
O'Connell & Meyers—			
Rieder	160	192	181
Ruud	199	179	136
Schleicher	132	159	140
Trainor	168	191	129
Esser	161	161	161
Totals	820	882	747
I. H. C.—			
Schreiber	182	147	180
Schar	133	154	163
Brattrud	155	155	155
Coughlin	138	153	139
Kelley	156	167	176
Totals	764	776	813
French Flashers—			
Koster	118	155	136
Ostow	171	199	165
Blau	157	152	145
Vitense	136	153	162
Schrotz	198	195	138
Totals	780	854	746
Wingra Land Co.—			
St. Peter	187	154	192
Fitch	191	179	156
Gauer	161	161	161
Kramer	181	149	151
Williams	159	181	183
Totals	829	824	843

GISHOLT LEAGUE.

Dept. 36—			
Slinger	131	137	143
Giffney	122	146	143
Hall	140	140	140
Jersey	152	126	120
Wright	180	148	181
Totals	725	697	727
Dept. 13—			
Johnson	135	155	101
Stoudt	116	158	147
Schallenberg	119	178	174
Will	142	127	153
Albert	133	152	136
Totals	645	770	711
Dept. C. D.—			
Webber	156	121	174
Wildey	158	146	152
Feldcher	167	148	138
Mac Gowan	123	145	92
Knoche	127	150	176
Totals	731	710	663
Dept. 6—			
Hinkle	144	123	137
Paulson	153	162	156
Woller	125	150	179
Coneham	193	185	142
Beckman	150	150	176
Totals	765	762	790
Dept. 11—			
Hackett	139	166	114
Fitch	184	151	242
Mooney	134	131	144
Rice	156	168	136
Westen	147	124	171
Totals	760	740	807
Dept. 16—			
Swatos	137	165	132
Clermont	140	181	130
Hein	154	133	142
Olson	141	143	110
Dais	154	110	132
Totals	726	732	646
Dept. 17—			
Schwoegler	157	169	135
Moehlman	172	146	143
Blethen	125	133	125
Geishirt	88	133	117
Gerfen	118	129	139
Totals	660	710	659
Dept. 3—			
Price	138	174	128
Priebe	126	108	133
Knutson	117	111	134
Loshek	133	180	144
Selstad	127	122	128
Totals	641	695	667
Dept. 5—			
Loehrer	157	140	146
Schnurbusch	227	122	120
Shervin	139	134	152
Bowes	175	169	169
Gauer	137	153	137
Totals	835	718	724
Dept. 21—			
Snow	179	146	182
Langtig	146	157	133
Vinga	188	155	119
Starre	151	150	207
Olson	161	171	152
Totals	825	779	793

LADIES' STAR LEAGUE.

Orions—			
Maidens	144	133	124
Burke	98	148	141
Longfield	138	127	115
Burke	97	85	89
Junos—			
McKee	163	161	119
Evenson	103	88	102
Hawkins	85	100	111
Brahaney	87	102	111
Totals	443	451	443
Neptunes—			
Beers	124	107	146
Hodgin	122	137	115
Lawrence	122	122	122
Grady	115	106	133
Totals	483	472	516
Jupiters—			
Adams	169	158	146
Park	117	117	109
Mautz	99	162	85
Paltz	102	102	102
Totals	487	599	442
Vestas—			
Cramer	156	121	122
Sander	174	99	147
Shields	151	109	147
Ronsit	107	141	96
Totals	488	470	514
Mars—			
O'Grady	132	119	160
Hammond	150	124	143
Kirch	109	131	114
Ganser	98	98	98
Totals	489	472	515
Mercuries—			
Paltz	145	158	173
Rasmussen	165	154	131
Schwoegler	120	120	120
Nordness	120	156	140
Totals	550	583	574
Saturns—			
Anderson	156	126	177
Meyers	111	99	148
Dohr	149	163	87
Schwenker	111	111	111
Totals	477	598	469
Uranians—			
Kretlow	161	137	178
Dodge	124	113	115
Schwinker	156	148	109
Hahm	118	104	141
Totals	559	502	593
Venus—			
Heinemson	145	119	145
Erickson	165	164	153
Bitney	143	133	123
Jewett	87	103	101
Totals	540	519	522

STATEHOUSE LEAGUE

Cruisers	30	24	.551
No-see-ems	32	22	.593
Tanks	32	22	.593
Destroyers	26	28	.482
Yanks	26	28	.482
Marines	25	29	.463
Agitators	25	29	.463
Allies	25	29	.463
Castaways	24	30	.440
Hardleables	23	31	.426

Allies—			
Thompson	183	174	169
Hazelwood	148	133	145
Mullen	184	179	183
Cobban	170	125	106
Whittet	171	164	213
Totals	856	775	816
Castaways—			
Hayden	152	176	178
Mathews	100	196	141
Atwood	197	148	169
Edwards	131	152	157
Stofer	152	191	145
Totals	733	864	791
Tanks—			
Torkelson	148	148	148
Brabant	142	151	100
Germond	121	121	121
Kirch	169	103	164
Arthur	157	162	170
Totals	757	795	723
Hardleables—			
Johnson	204	186	170
Brandt	138	112	171
Haugen	142	164	165
Nickerson	132	133	127
Pugh	222	158	140
Totals	833	753	773
Agitators—			
Comerford	141	141	99
Remey	199	189	162
Anderson	107	131	141
Schreiber	160	191	191
Dinneen	182	201	246
Totals	789	853	839
Marines—			
Kuelling	157	157	157
Ovitt	134	165	158
Fethers	93	127	154
Balsley	145	143	143
Steven	123	175	177
Totals	682	799	821
Destroyers—			
Buchop	170	170	170
Weigle	137	137	137
Kink	154	1817	122
Ruggles	141	122	138
Donaghy	139	139	139
Totals	741	749	706
Cruisers—			
Meyers	148	148	148
Syftestad	149	172	178
Orvis	133	152	132
Myrland	134	196	185
Reilly	165	165	165
Totals	720	834	809
Yanks—			
Hilyer	164	194	173
Blumenfeld	94	145	140
Strader	166	176	186
Hubbard	127	190	126
Cover	158	124	12
Totals	736	856	775
No-see-ems—			
Johnson	175	187	160
Loveland	137	129	121
Klueter	163	163	163
Lester	146	146	146
Hirst	166	166	166
Totals	787	791	756

Fulton Barred For Charging Fake

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—The Minnesota boxing commission has voted to bar indefinitely Fred Fulton, Rochester, Minn., heavyweight fighter, from boxing or sparring in Minnesota rings. It is understood the commission took the action after discussion of Fulton's statement made recently in San Francisco that Jack Dempsey double crossed him in their fight on July 27 last.

Y. J. F. FIVE WINS FROM SCOUTS, 28-23

Sol and Abe Epstein starred for the Y. J. F. basketball team, which won, 28 to 23, from the Boy Scouts of Troop 29, at the Longfellow school, Wednesday night. Sol, at forward, made seven baskets, and Abe, at guard, dropped two long shots for field goals. Jossolire starred for the losers with five baskets to his credit.

The line-up:

Y. J. F.		Troop 29
Feisher	R. F.	Haman
E. Epstein	L. F.	Rassmasler
Sinaiko	C.	Carpenter
Halperin	R. G.	Carlsonberg
A. Epstein	L. G.	Jossolire

Supstitutions—Wrend for Haman, Grant for Halperin.

Field goals—Y. J. F.: S. Epstein, 7; Sinaiko, 3; A. Epstein, 2; Feisher, 2. Troop 29: Jossolire, 5; Rassmasler, 3; Taman, 2.

Free throws—Carpenter, 3.

Umpire—Machlis.

Referee—Dubrow.

W. H. S. SOPHS RALLY AND BEAT FROSH, 16-12

A rally in the last five minutes of play gave the Madison high school sophomores a win over the freshmen, 16 to 12, Wednesday night. The losers ended the first half in the lead, 7 to 6, and the score was 11 to 8 in their favor before the soph rally began. Grant and Burwell headed the soph attack and Higgins starred for the freshmen. Fouling in the first half almost caused the removal of Le Mont, the freshman center.

The line-up:

Sophomores		Freshmen
G. Page	R. F.	McCaffrey
Huggins	L. F.	Higgins
Burwell	C.	Le Mont
Stebbins	R. G.	Schmelzer
Grant	L. G.	E. Page

Field baskets—Higgins, 4; Stebbins, 1; G. Page, 1; Ed Page, 1; Burwell, 3; Grant, 3.

Free throws—Higgins, 1 out of 2; Ed Page, 1 out of 1.

Referee, Brown; umpire, Glasier.

MADISON HIGH QUINTET TO PLAY AT LA CROSSE

Madison high school's basketball five will play La Crosse at the latter city, Saturday night, instead of here, Friday night. The schedule had to be changed and La Crosse will play here later this month.

A 16 to 11 victory over Eau Claire Tuesday night is credited to La Crosse, and Madison expects a hard game, even if her star players should get on the eligible list in time for the contest.

WILLIAM HOPPE
World's Champion Billiard Player
Will appear at the
WASHINGTON BILLIARD PARLORS
117 E. Washington Ave.
FRIDAY, FEB. 7TH AT 3 AND 8 P. M.
Exhibition Game
RESERVED SEATS $1.00, PLUS WAR TAX.
STANDING ROOM 50c, PLUS WAR TAX.

CLEAR HAL CHASE OF SERIOUS CHARGE

NEW YORK — Hal Chase, stormy petrel of baseball, was cleared Wednesday of the charge of "throwing" games, preferred against him by the Cincinnati club. He was declared "not guilty" by President John A. Heydler of the National league, who acted as judge, after a week's study of the evidence for and against him.

"It is nowhere established that the accused was interested in any pool or wager that caused any game to result otherwise than on its merits," said Heydler in his decision.

RANDALL SCHOOL FIVE BEATS LOWELL, 53-13

The Randall school eight grade five walked all over the Lowell school team, Wednesday night, and won, 53 to 13. The losers started the game strong with two field baskets and a free throw, but the Randall scoring machine soon got under way, led by Morgan at forward, and was never stopped.

The lineup:

Randall		Lowell
Morgan	RF	Compbell
Teckan	LF	Schuman
Mathison	C	Fosdick
Albrecht	RG	Anderson
Williams	LG	Croshenburg

The Randall team has issued a challenge to meet any eighth grade basketball five in the city. Arrangements can be made by calling Badger 3783.

STEVENS POINT NORMAL FIVE BEATS EAU CLAIRE

The Stevens Point Normal five, 1918 state champions, have defeated Eau Claire Normal and look strong enough to win the championship again this year. La Crosse Normal won from Dubuque college, 23 to 20, Tuesday night.

W. H. S. TO MEET EVANSVILLE.

Wisconsin high school will meet Evansville at 7:30 Friday night instead of 3:45 in the afternoon as was announced. A big turn-out of rooters is looked for, and with the advantage of playing on their own floor, the locals expect to make up for their 12 to 9 defeat of a few weeks ago.

MEXICAN VETERAN DIES

MILWAUKEE—C. H. Dunham, the last of the Mexican war veterans at the Soldiers' home, and one of the pioneer bosses of tracklayers for the northern division of the Milwaukee road, died after a brief attack of pneumonia.

FAMOUS BILLIARD STAR HERE FRIDAY



WILLIE HOPPE AND MANAGER.

Willie Hoppe's hands are insured for $100,000, $50,000 apiece. His expensive hands will be seen in action in Madison at the Washington billiard parlors, 117 East Washington avenue, with George Butler Sutton, handless wonder, at 3 and 8 p. m., Friday.

Stoughton

C. K. Herried, Correspondent

Capital Times office is now located over Arnie Midgard's printing office and all who want to subscribe for Capital Times should call on C. K. Herried at above address.

The 35th annual mask ball of the local fire department will take place at the armory Thursday, Feb. 13. One hundred and five dollars will be given in prizes.

Corporal Harry Halverson, formerly stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga., now at Camp Grant, expects to be mustered out of service this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Howe are visitors in Milwaukee.

Miss Christina Spanum is in Chicago in the interest of her millinery store.

Carl Ellingson is visiting relatives in Beloit.

There will be a meeting of the town and country association this evening at 7:30 in the office of Mr. Davidson in the city hall. Members are urged to be present.

The Kvindeforening of the First Lutheran church will be entertained today by Mesdames Erick Olson, Charles Severson, George Hedemark, Emil Olson, Thomas Flugum, Nels Fagerland, Olof Norland and Frank Farnam.

Telephone the news to 468—, Capital Times office.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Johnson, Tuesday, an 8½ pound son.

Mrs. G. D. Nelson, who had the misfortune to slip on the ice in the yard at her home, is confined to bed with both bones broken in her limb just above the ankle.

Herman Wilkenson, cupola tender at the Stoughton Wagon company, was injured on both sides of his head, yesterday, while attending his duties.

Rev. J. A. O. Stub is expected to speak at Central Christ church Friday evening.

Guests at Hotel Kegonsa: August Schumaker, Defiance, O.; William Magez, Cambridge, Wis.; R. Vedvek, De Forest, Wis.; W. S. Huyck, Gettisburg, S. D.; H. J. Schram, Rockford; Jack Neuman, Chicago; G. W. Hoelenjworth, Beaver Dam; John H. Howe, Chicago; George J. Hawkins, Chicago; G. E. Brown, Madison; D. P. Devine, Edgerton; B. W. Williams and wife, Cedar Falls, Ia.; J. J. Stanton, Chicago; H. Cain, Milwaukee; J. H. Reiser, Milwaukee; F. S. Kahlo, Evanston, Ill.; E. Fuzzell, Janesville; H. Selling, Milwaukee; F. E. Beck, Chicago; F. H. Shipman, Milwaukee; J. H. Hallana, St. Louis, Mrs. Mary McDaniel, Madison.

At the Auditorium, Feb. 12, Lincoln's natal day, matinee at 4:15, and evening at 7:45, the Sons of Veterans, in addition to other attractions, such as "Zeppelin's Last Raid," "Wisconsin's Contribution to the First Ten Thousand," will present two reels, "Life of Lincoln," kindly loaned by the U. W. Extension Department. This is, in general, equal to the very best film on Lincoln ever screened. It traces his life from the cradle to the grave, is historically correct and impresses upon those seeing it the cardinal features of the Great Emancipator's career.

Especially on Feb. 12th is such a film appropriate, and all should, if possible, patronize the affair and incidentally help the Sons of Veterans complete a fund for the Wisconsin Veterans' Home, started before the war broke out, held in suspension during the war, now to be gathered in so as to be used this year.

OBSERVE ROOSEVELT DAY

WAUPACA — Waupaca will observe Roosevelt day, Feb. 9, by one of the largest patriotic gatherings ever held in this city. The meeting which is under the auspices of the Waupaca chapter of the Loyalty legion, will be held at the high school auditorium, with overflow meetings in the high school gymnasium. All the churches, Catholic, Episcopal, Lutheran and Protestant, are united in this tribute. All enlisted men who are home from the war, are to be given reserved seats of honor, and a feature will be the singing of songs by the boys from the front line trenches.

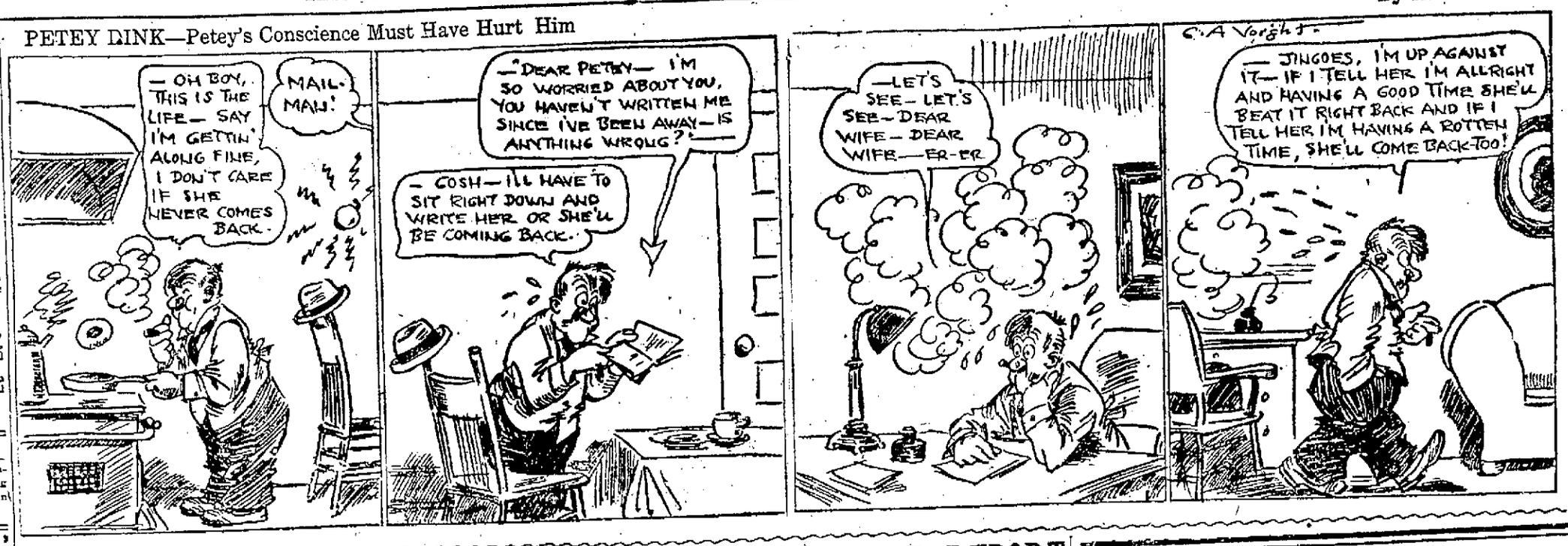
SOLDIER'S MAIL RETURNED

RHINELANDER—County Treasurer P. J. Cain received a package of 26 letters which were returned to him as undelivered. The letters were all written during September, October and November, to his son, Reuben, with the American Expeditionary force in France. The package contained no explanation as to why the mail was undelivered.

Shop in the Capital Times Before you shop in the stores.....

PETEY DINK—Petey's Conscience Must Have Hurt Him

By A. C. VOIGHT



THE CAPITAL TIMES

Cents per word, per issue: 4 cents per word, 3 issues.

No ad accepted for less than the cost of 10 words.

Count every initial or group of figures as one word.

Figure four (4) words for a blind address. Ads are in solid minion caps. 15 cents extra. All ads must be given for a definite number of insertions.

If replies to ads have to be mailed, send 10c for postage.

Orders for out-of-town advertising must be accompanied by cash.

Any mistakes in advertising telephoned will be at sender's risk.

Display type is only permitted at top and bottom of ads at the cost of 25 cents per inch.

When there is an error in your ad notify us at once. The Capital Times is always glad to correct an error which is made by any of its employes.

CLOSING HOURS

All wants ads must be in The Capital Times office by noon the day of publication. Ads taken later than noon will be inserted the following day.

No matter what you want, it will save you both time and money to use The Capital Times want ads.

PHONE BADGER 2200

LOST OR FOUND

FUR NECK PIECE FOUND Sunday morning. Owner can have same by identifying and paying for ad. Call 503 West Dayton street.

MALE HELP 3

BARBER wanted at Gaertner's Barber Shop, 1822 Willimson street.

MEAT CUTTER—Experienced, apply at City Meat Market, 202 E. Main Street.

TOBACCO SORTERS, packers and inspectors (experienced) wanted at Farmers' Warehouse, Sun Prairie. Apply at Farmers' and Merchants' Bank Sun Prairie or phone Oakwood 78 J 12, evenings.

FEMALE HELP 10

DISHWASHER wanted at Moy Chop Suey on King street.

BOY SEEKEEPER wanted to take care of two little boys two and four years old and do housework. Write M. Griffin, R. 3, Box 37 Brooklyn, Wis.

MEAT COOK—experienced, wanted at Severy's hotel.

WORK WANTED 14

CLERICAL POSITION for returned soldier with bookkeeping and banking experience or general office work. Write Box "480 F" at the Capital Times.

COOK—Experienced short order cook. Marquam Hotel clerk. Will consider any kind of employment. Inquire Quality Lunch, Badger 655.

RETURNED SOLDIER desires work. Indoor work preferred, in machine shop as factory man or bench work, etc. Phone Badger 4448.

RETURNED SOLDIER with high school education, aged 26, desires position. Mechanically inclined, with knowledge of clerical work. Write Box C. T. 40, Capital Times.

UNIVERSITY STUDENT—Just returned from army desires work after school on Fridays, Saturday and Sunday work. Telephone Badger 215.

FURNISHED ROOMS 16

CENTRAL—Furnished room for rent. Phone Badger 2229.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE 26

BABY CARRIAGE—Ivory wicker; gondola style. Bargain for quick sale. Phone Phone Badger 1240.

PELGIAN HARES—call at 486 West Mifflin St.

GAS STOVE and china closet for sale. Call 715 East Johnson, second flat.

STOP THAT COUGH

Most cough remedies contain a sedative—make you think you're better when you're not.

COUGH STOP

is for stimulating, contains no opiates or sedatives. We guarantee it—35c a bottle at

PALACE DRUG STORE

214 State St.

IT'S DIFFERENT

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED 27

MILK—Wanted to buy in large quantities. One year contract. Phone Badger 5170.

POOL TABLE wanted, in good condition. Write Drawer 33, Dodgeville, Wis.

WANTED TO BUY

PIANO wanted to buy. Phone Badger 3127.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS 28

We can save you money on Kimball and Kranich Pianos and Kimball and Vitanola Phonographs.

The Home Music Company

A. J. ENDRES

427 W. Johnson Phone B.-5803

MOVING, STORAGE, ETC. 4

Fireproof Storage

Sprinkler System. Insurance Rate 35c

Long Distance Moving

New Equipment. Efficient Service

Packing and Shipping

15 years' experience. Reference Furnished

H. F. SHARRATT

817 E. Wilson St.

Phone: Office Badger 1974; Residence 681

SERVICES OFFERED 35

CHIMNEY SWEEPING, furnaces and cisterns cleaned. Smith and Mullar. Phone Badger 5684.

HAIR WORK—Switches made from combings. Phone Badger 2986. Residence 818 Williamson.

PICTURE FRAMING — Camera repairing Photo enlarging and finishing. Photoart House, above 22.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER — Typewriting called for. Done promptly. Phone Badger 615 or call 416 Gay Bldg.

THE CAPITAL CITY AUTO RADIATOR WORKS repairs and builds all kinds of radiators. 12 years' experience in Chicago. Work guaranteed. Phone B. 3515. 124 E. Washington Ave.

UPHOLSTERING—Mattresses made, chairs caned, rubber tires put on. J. Wiedholz, 1106 Williamson Street. Phone Badger 2057.

SERVICES OFFERED 35

FRED HALLMANN

Horse Shoeing and General Blacksmithing

Plows Repaired and Sharpened

919 Williamson St. Madison, Wis.

CHIMNEYS and furnaces cleaned. Phone Muck, Badger 5620.

DRAMATIC AND DANCING 40

COSTUMES—A good line of masquerade customes for rent at Hess' store, 638 Williamson St. Phone Badger 970.

AUTOS FOR SALE 45

FORD TRUCK with 6x6 ft. stake body, full cab and windshield. Brand new radiator, good tires, completely overhauled. Too light for my use. Price $275.00, for quick sale. H. F. Sharratt, 317 E. Wilson St., Phone Badger 1974.

STUDEBAKER—5 passenger, at a reasonable price. Phone Badger 5518.

AUTO SUPPLIES AND REPAIRS 43

FOR real bargains in tires Phone 3947.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS 48

UPTOWN—Furnished, heated, three room apartment. Phone Badger 1541, days.

HOUSES 51

MAIN ST., 2130 E.—Six room house, all modern. Owner leaving town. Must sell cheap. Enquire 1320 E. Dayton. Phone Badger 2773.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE

Barber Chair, a little out of date but well worth $7.50. Three Melodians, all in fair condition, $12.50, $17.50 and $25.00. Two Upright Pianos, dark oak finish, both in almost perfect condition. PRICE RIGHT. Cash or Time.

H. F. SHARRATT

317 E. Wilson St. Phone B.-1974

FOR SALE

Dunbar popcorn and peanut machine. John M. Mahoney, 416 W. Mifflin St.

HOUSES FOR SALE 57

INGERSOLL ST., 307 N.—Seven room house. Can be had reasonably if taken at once. Address Box R. S. 468, Capital Times.

LOTS FOR SALE 59

LOT FOR SALE

East side, within one block of shops, all improvements. Corner lot. Address Box X. X. 59, Capital Times.

FARMS FOR SALE 59

EXCURSION PARTY leaving Madison or Sun Prairie every week, for Texas rain belt district near Gulf coast. Prices $30 to $50 per acre. On easy terms. Rates $50 round trip, including berths, meals, etc.

Write or phone me evenings or before 8 a. m. for appointments.

R. E. HAYNER

Phone 20.

SUN PRAIRIE, WIS.

5 ACRES CHOICE LAND—On Monona Drive, between school house and Bloomingdale Grove Town Hall. On easy terms or will take clear city lot in part payment. A. P. Jordan, 1114 St. James Ct. Phone B. 2401.

Farm Lands

in the Richest Region on Earth

We have several thousand acres of land from which we have removed the merchantable log timber, that we are selling to settlers on very favorable terms. Will be glad to mail you booklet describing this territory.

TALLAHATCHIE LUMBER COMPANY

Phillip, Mississippi.

WISCONSIN LAND—When you buy land, buy the best. We have some of the very choicest land in the best section of Central Wisconsin, for sale on easy terms. Good clay loam soil; country thickly settled; good water, schools, roads and markets. Write for book and map. JOHN S. OWEN LUMBER CO., No. 37 Mill St., Owen, Clark County, Wis.

LOANS AND MORTGAGES 61

CLYDE A. GALLAGHER

Buys and exchanges real estate, and mortgages. Money to loan. Insurance. Offices 18 and 19 Board of Commerce Bldg.

Phones—Badger 5408-6864

MANY FIRES CAUSED BY CARELESSNESS

Report Shows 1,415 Buildings Were Destroyed in 1917

In 1917 Wisconsin burned 1,415 buildings used exclusively for residence purposes and 140 residences over or connected with business places.

The fire loss on the first class of buildings was $1,348,055. Most of the 36 deaths by fire that year occurred in homes.

More than two-thirds of these fires were due to carelessness.

Defective and unclean chimneys, rusted and disjointed stove pipes, cracked stoves, wood boxes or clothes too near stoves, stoves too near walls, poor, moss-grown, shingle roofs, kerosene used in starting or quickening fires, handling gasoline carelessly, leaving the current on electric pressing irons and cooking devices, children playing with matches, unattended bonfires, dumping ashes on or against wood, and spontaneous combustion of oil rags were the main causes of these fires.

RED DOMINO PLANS UNION VODVIL SKIT

Original Act is to be Submitted Before Saturday Night.

Red Domino, as an organization, is planning to enter with an act in Union Vodvil. An original skit will be given and plans for the skit must be submitted to Bertha Oschsner before Saturday night.

The officers of Red Domino will be elected at the next regular meeting At the last meeting Frances Ryan read J. M. Synge's "Shadow of the Glen." Agnes Samuels gave a short reading. Mary Parkinson, a member of Twelth Night, was chosen to represent both organizations on S. G. A. board.

The tryouts for Red Domino will be held a week from next Monday and Tuesday nights at 7 o'clock.

PRESIDENT BIRGE GREETS STUDENTS

Prexy Meets Students At Reception in Lathrop Hall.

A large number of students attended the all-university reception for President E. A. Birge in the concert room at Lathrop yesterday afternoon. The deans of the various colleges assisted by several students introduced the students to President Birge.

The concert room was decorated in Wisconsin colors. Several large American flags and the Wisconsin state flag were the chief features of the decoration.

Dorcas Hall furnished music during the hour. Tea and wafers were served. Greta Schultz, Lucy Wallrich, and Viola Pleuss poured.

LAND SOLD AT $153

LA CROSSE—A ne whigh price for land in La Crosse county was reached Monday when Henry Cronk of Onalaska sold his farm to Otto Moss for $153 an acre.

PIONEER RIVER MAN DIES

LA CROSSE—Capt. I. H. Moulton, pioneer Mississippi river captain, and for many years commercial agent of the Erie railroad here, died in a local hospital Monday at the age of 90 years. He was one of the last survivors of the golden days of steamboating on the river here, and was a passenger with ex-Governor Van Sant of Minnesota, another pioneer river man, on the last raft that floated down the stream some years ago.

AMERICAN DELEGATION GETS REQUEST

Want Territories in Ottoman Land Under U. S. Protection

(Continued from page 1)

Reports Are Denied

The fact that there has been much discussion at the sessions of the commissions has led to the belief in some quarters that the success of the plan was endangered. It may be stated, however, that in the opinion of men who are behind this project that such is not the case.

Published reports that certain fundamental principles dear to the American delegation have been sacrificed, are declared to be untrue, being explained that some of the features described as discarded never were included in the original American or British plans.

(By the Associated Press)

PARIS—The American delegation has received numerous petitions from committees, municipalities and representatives of territories under Ottoman rule, asking to be put under the protection of the United States, or at least that America shall be the mandatory country entrusted with their government.

More significant is the pressure brought to bear about a decision by which America should be entrusted with the duty of looking after Constantinople, the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles, which, it is believed, will be internationalized. Even the great European powers are urging America to accept the responsibility as she enjoys the confidence of all the peoples of the section involved.

The objections that American public opinion is opposed to any interference in the government of other countries, especially outside the American continent, it is observed, as a member of the Italian delegation has said, that "By participating in the war and by taking a leading part in the peace conference, the United States has undertaken such moral obligations as almost constitute international duties, the fulfillment of which becomes a point of honor to any member of the society of nations."

The smaller powers are insisting on being given a greater voice in the society. When the commission on the society of nations meets tonight, representatives of Poland, Rumania, Greece and Czecho Slovakia will be present together with those of Chile, Brazil, Belgium, Portugal, and Serbia and the five great powers.

Nineteen small belligerent nations won definite recognition from the supreme council by the granting of four additional seats on the society of nations commission, which will frame the plan for the society, and ten seats to the five great powers.

According to the decision the smaller powers of Poland, Rumania, Czecho Slovakia and Greece will hold additional seats.

BIG MOOSE MEETING TO BE HELD FEB. 16

Absence of the bowling teams on the date originally set for the meeting of the Forward Legion, 191, Mooseheart Legion of the World, will postpone the event until Feb. 16, it was announced. The meeting was originally set for Sunday. On Saturday bowling teams will go to Fond du Lac and Green Bay. Arrangements are under way for a big meeting on the date finally agreed upon with candidates to be initiated from Madison, Janesville, Monroe and Stoughton lodges of the Loyal Order of Moose.

AVOID EGYPT IS THE WORD GIVEN TOURISTS

WASHINGTON—American tourists, except those engaged strictly on business, were warned to avoid Egypt by the state department. Congestion of shipping and lack of hotel accommodations is the reason.

WILCOX REPORT IS LAMBASTED IN ASSEMBLY

Continued from page 1

proper committees. We have the marketing bill, the eight hour hill, teachers' salary bills, and others.

"I am absolutely opposed to printing 10,000 copies of this report. If we did, within six weeks, Mr. Blumenfeld would be feeding 9,500 of those copies to the furnace. I am opposed to the state being mulcted to print 10,000 copies of a political campaign document."

Johnson In Approval

Assemblyman Axel Johnson said he approved of every word Donnelly had said.

"Why should bills already introduced, covering these questions, be recalled from the committees which are now considering them, to go to a special committee?" said Johnson.

Assemblyman E. W. Knappe, Milwaukee, showed the hand of the socialists, when he said that the work of the other committees could well be merked into a special committee.

"This present unrest may blow over," said Knappe, "but we should be prepared for the conditions which may arise."

On motion of Axel Johnson to reject the resolution the house killed the Hanson resolution 63 to 30.

When the Wilcox resolution arrived in the house a moment later, to print 10,000 copies of the reconstruction report, Donnelly offered an amendment cutting the number to 500. As the page took the amendment to the clerk's desk, Donnelly remarked:

"Here they go to the furnace."

The amendment was adopted by a viva voce vote with only three socialists voting against it.

Assemblyman Donnelly headed off what he termed "more bunk" when h. moved indefinite postponement of the Schultz joint committee to a special legislative committee to arrange for legislation to provide work for returning soldiers and sailors.

"No committee which could be named by this legislature could create work for the unemployed," said Donnelly. "We have our industrial commission, the United States employment bureau, with many offices in the state, and why should the members of this legislature getting $500 a year want to do the work that those high salaried men are paid to do."

Kaney In Statement

Assemblyman John Kaney, Milwaukee, arguing for the resolution said "Milwaukee has a great class of men who could not be sent to war because they are not citizens," and that if any one is to be put out of work it should be the men of class F and not the soldiers who went to war.

Assemblyman Axel Johnson declared "I will go the limit to get work for the soldiers; I'll stretch the constitutions to permit counties to assist them; I'll vote any amount for the construction of roads to give them employment, but I am opposed to this resolution, when we have the machinery to do everything which is possible."

Assemblyman O'Brien said everything that comes over from the senate not based on common sense should be killed.

Assemblyman Ballard offered a resolution to demand more definite data from lobbyists appearing before committees.

HUB HUEGEL DIED A HERO

(Continued from page 1)

He knew someone had to do it and he did not hesitate. It is because of that spirit, that unselfishness, that willingness to take on danger so characteristic in the American soldier and so emphasized by your brother that the Allies have been able to bring this great war to a successful end. May the knowledge of his faithfulness and the fact that he died in the cause of Liberty, Humanity and Justice lessen to some extent the great sorrow in your heart.

He was buried near the spot where he was killed. This was necessary as the shelling made it impossible to get bodies back from the front. The grave was well marked and I understand that the bodies are to be moved and placed in a private American cemetery. I have been unable to find out for sure whether or not this has been done but I am sure it will be done in the near future if not already. His temporary grave was in a large wood situated on the east bank of the Meuse river between the towns of Consenvoye and Sivry. The government will in time send you the location of his grave.

All his personal belongings will be sent to you through the proper military channels. I can not make any statement regarding souvenirs, if he had any they were sent with his personal property unless they were of such a nature that they could not be handled.

Always at your service, I am

Respectfully yours,

C. I. WHITE.

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK—American smelting was the most active feature of the morning on the stock exchange today. Sales of that stock exceeded those of any other leader, even U. S. Steel. Smelting broke 1¾, Utah Copper 3 points and others of the metal division 1 to 2½. The reverse side of the market continued to be presented by oils, tobaccos, leather and paper shares and General Motors, at gains of 1 to 3½ points. Foreign bonds, particularly Paris sixes and French government 5½s were again strong while the Liberty group recorded further recessions.

Equipments broke abruptly at midday, steel foundries falling almost 6 points. Railway Steel Springs, American Car, Pressed Steel Car, Crucible Steel and Baldwin Locomotive were 1 to 3 points lower. U. S. Steel reacted a point and rails, shippings and oils developed marked heaviness.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

(Last Sales.)

American Beet Sugar	67½
American Can	46⅜
American Car & Foundry	87½
American Locomotive	59
American Linseed	48 b
American Smelting & Ref'g.	62⅞
American Sugar	114½
American T. & T.	100⅜
Anaconda Copper	56⅞
Atchison	91½
Atl., Gulf & W. Indies	97½
Baldwin Locomotive	66¾
Baltimore & Ohio	46¼
Bethlehem Steel "B"	59⅛
Canadian Pacific	158¾
Central Leather	58
Chesapeake & Ohio	55⅛
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	38⅜
Chicago, R. I. & Pac.	22⅞
Chino Copper	32¼
Colorado Fuel & Iron	35
Corn Products	47½
Crucible Steel	52¾
Cuba Cane Sugar	22
Erie	15⅝
General Electric	148
General Motors	131⅛
Great Northern Pfd.	92⅛
Great Northern Ore Ctfs.	37¾
Illinois Central	96 bid
Inspiration Copper	42⅞
Int. Mar. Marine	21¾
Int. Mer. Marine Pfd.	96
International Paper	38
Kennecott Copper	30⅝
Louisville & Nashville	114¼ b
Maxwell Motors	31¼
Mexican Petroleum	165⅝
Miami Copper	21⅛
Midvale Steel	40⅝
Missouri Pacific	23¾
New York Central	72
Norfolk & Western	105½
Northern Pacific	90¼
Ohio Cities Gas	39¾
Pennsylvania	44¾
Pittsburg Coal	45 b
Ray Consolidated Copper	19½
Reading	77⅜
Rep. Iron & Refining	72¼
Sinclair Oil & Refining	34⅜
Southern Pacific	97¾
Southern Railway	26½
Studebaker Corporation	50⅝
Tennessee Copper	12½
Texas Co.	186
Tobacco Products	78½
Union Pacific	126⅝
United Cigar Stores	115⅜
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	101⅜
United States Rubber	75
United States Steel	89¼
Utah Copper	65½
Wabash Pfd. "A"	31¼
Westinghouse Electric	41⅝
Willys-Overland	24⅞
New Haven	28½
Goodrich	59⅛
American Sumatra	102

NEW YORK DAIRY

NEW YORK—Butter firm, 4,779 tubs; creamery higher than extras 50@50½; extra 49@49½; firsts 46@48½; packing stock current make No. 2, 33@34.

Eggs irregular, 21,894 cases; fresh gathered extras 48½@49; fresh gathered regular packed extra firsts 47½@48; ditto firsts 46@47.

Cheese steadier, 766 boxes, state whole milk flats current make specials 30½@31½; ditto average run 30.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK.

CHICAGO—Hogs receipts 43,000; generally steady with yesterday's average bulk sales, 17.40@17.90; butchers 17.65@18.00; light 17.00@17.75; packing 16.60@17.60; throwouts 16.00@16.60; pigs, good to choice 14.00@16.75.

Cattle receipts 14,000; beef and butcher cattle, strong; canners slow; calves 50 cents higher; feeders firm; beef cattle, cows and heifers 7.10@15.00; canners and cutters 6.00@7.10; stockers and feeders, good choice and fancy 11.00@14.50; inferior common and medium 8.35@11.00; veal calves good and choice 15.00@15.50.

Sheep receipts 22,000; lambs steady to 10 cents higher; sheep and yearlings strong to 25 cents higher, lambs, choice and prime 17.15@17.35; medium and good 16.50@17.15; culls 12.50@14.40; ewes choice and prime 11.00@11.25; medium and good 9.75@11.00; culls 5.50@8.00.

CHICAGO DAIRY

CHICAGO — Butter lower; receipts 2,515 tubs; creamery extra 45; firsts 41@44; seconds 38@40; standarwds 43½.

Cheese unchanged.

Eggs—Higher, receipts 4,487 cases; firsts 43; ordinary firsts 41½@42; at mark cases included 41½@42½.

Potatoes higher, receipts 31 cars; Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota 1.60@1.75; do dacks 1.65@1.75.

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Minn.—Hogs receipts 5,300 steady; range 15.25@17.00; bulk 16.25@17.00.

Cattle receipts 3,000 killers strong; steers 5.50@18.00; cows and heifers 6.75@13.00; veal calves 25 higher, 6.00@13.50; stockers and feeders steady 25 higher, 6.00@15.00.

Sheep receipts 1,000 steady; lambs 10.00@16.00; wethers 10.00@13.00; ewes 5.00@10.00.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.— Flour unchanged. Shipments 26,971 barrels.

Barley, 80@90.

Rye —o. 2, 1.34@1.35.

Bran 42.00.

MILWAUKEE LIVESTOCK

MILWAUKEE, Wis.— Hogs receipts 1,000 steady, light not wanted.

Cattle receipts 500 steady.

Calves receipts 1,500, 25@50 higher good to choice 15@15.25; fair to good 14.50@14.75.

Sheep receipts 100; steady.

MILWAUKEE GRAIN

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Wheat No. 1 northern 2.26; No. 2 northern 2.23.

Corn No. 3 yellow 1.35@1.38; No. 3 white 1.30@1.32; No. 3, 1.31@1.34.

Oats standard 61; No. 3 white 59; No. 4 white 57½.

Rye No. 2, 1.33.

Barley, malting 85@1.03; feed and rejected 90@83; Wisconsin 90@1.03.

Hay unchanged.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.— Wheat receipts, 106 cars compared with 127 cars a year ago. Cash:

No. 1 Northern, 2.21½ to 2.25.

Corn—No. 3 yellow 1.26 to 1.28.

Oats—No. 3, white 53½ to 55.

Flax 3.24½ to 3.26½.

CHICAGO GRAIN

CHICAGO — Corn No. 3 yellow nominal, No. 4 yellow .27@1.30; No. 5 yellow 1.22½@1.25.

Oats No. 3 white 56¾@59; standard 59@61.

Rye No. 2, 1.32@1.37.

Barley 82@95.

Timothy 7.00@10.00.

Clover nominal.

Pork nominal.

Lard 22.50.

Ribs 20.50@22.50.

Read Capital Times Want Ads.

THE CAPITAL TIMES

by GOLDBERG



FOR CENTERS IN PLACE OF SALOONS

Senator Bird Introduces Measure for Community Gathering Places

FOR INCORPORATION

Olson in Bill to Ban Milk Not Coming From Tested Cows

Senator Claire B. Bird introduced a bill today to authorize the incorporation of community centers so that they may provide for such recreational, social and educational activities as are needed to take the place of the saloon.

His bill empowers the people of a territory on not less than 36 square miles to vote incorporation. The bill suggests that the community house shall be dedicated to the memory of soldiers and sailors. The officers of the community house district are a director, treasurer and clerk, each to serve three years. The board will regulate finances and certify the amount necessary to be raised by taxes to maintain the community house. The vote on taxes follows the plan of the district school meeting and every person qualified to vote at a school district meeting is qualified to vote at a community center meeting. This will include women.

Other senate bills offered were:

Olson: Authorizing co-operative creameries to bar milk that does not come from tuberculin tested cows.

Benfey: Providing that an automobile used for commercial purposes may be seized under execution.

Peterson: Allow the civil service commission to fix the salary of the secretary.

Conant: Making it unlawful for a school clerk to pay the salary of a teacher unless he files certification that the teacher is entitled to teach.

Arnold: Exempting buildings and improvements from taxation to the value of $3,000.

The senate adopted the Schultz resolution to create a special legislative committee of two senators and three assemblymen, whose duty it will be to investigate means of re-employment of demobilized soldiers and sailors. The senate passed the following bills:

Wilcox: Empowering the board of bar examiners to institute disbarment proceedings.

Burke: Including veterans of the world war among veterans to be preferred in civil service.

Finance committee: Appropriating $1,050 for an oil portrait of Ex-Gov. Scofield.

Finance committee: Increasing the annual appropriation of the secretary of state from $49,000 to $50,000.

The senate adjourned until 10 o'clock Friday morning.

CHICAGO-MILWAUKEE AIR SERVICE PLANNED

CHICAGO—Hydro airplanes capable of carrying 40 passengers will be in operation between Chicago and Milwaukee beginning June 1, according to Capt. Benjamin B. Lipsner, until recently superintendent of the government air mail service and now at the head of a syndicate to install air freight and passenger service between different points.

"We will have a regular schedule between the cities," Captain Lipsner said. "The time in transit being 40 minutes and the cost $25 for the round trip."

SENATE ORDERS FROSH CAPS FOR NEXT QUARTER

Suspends Rule to Confirm Duncan's Election.

Every freshman will have to wear his green cap on the first day of the third quarter. This is the decree which the student senate made at the meeting held last night and it comes as the first interruption in the hitherto placid life of the yearlings.

Willard Duncan will remain in the senate. A resolution was unanimously passed suspending the senfirst year law students as sophomores. The question of Duncan's ineligibility as junior senate candidate was not raised until he had been elected and the resolution will apply only in this particular case.

The senate sanctioned a sack rush, and appointed a committee consisting of the dean of men, the president of the freshman class, the chairman of the sophomore traditions committee, and the president pro tem of the senate, to set a date for it.

Permanent officers were elected as follows:

Joseph Beach, president pro tem, and Wyman Smith, secretary.

An executive committee composed of Joseph Beach, chairman, and Warren and Hall, was chosen. Other committees are: Judiciary—Hanson, McPherrin and Brown; elections, Seymour, Mann, and Bunge.

The executive committee was empowered to draw up a list of eligible candidates fo rthe student court.

LONE PROSPECTOR ON PERILOUS TRIP

Will Seek Alaskan Gold Many Miles From Civilization

TANANA, Alaska—Bound for an isolated gold claim far to the north on the Arctic slope, a lone prospector, Martin Josephson, left here today with his dog team to "mush" on foot in the half dark Arctic winter over the difficult snow trwail to Bettles, Alaska, and on farther into the country beyond the polar line.

Tanana prospectors say Josephson's trip is one of the longest ever undertaken by one man alone. Josephson, however, has sought for gold before along the Arctic, from Kobuk to the Mackenzie countries, and has even prospected in Greenland, so his friends here are not going to worry about his safety.

Josephson's gold claim is on the Anactuvuk river, a tributary of the Colville river on the Arctic slope. There are no white men or Indians or Eskimos on the Anactuvuk, Josephson said before he left here.

After leaving here Josephson will have to travel 112 miles to Alatna before he finds any white residents. There is a roadhouse at Alatna, the first roadhouse on the Bettles trail north from here. From Alatna Josephson will "mush on" 53 miles to Bettles. At Bettles he expected to get a gasoline drill which he shipped in last summer.

After leaving Bettles, Josephson will continue his lonely journey 110 miles to the headwaters of the John river. Even then he will not have crossed the divide between the Arctic and Pacific slopes. At the John river the prospector will stop and rest and spend a few weeks hunting and trapping while waiting for warm weather.

Estate of William Pfaff—Decree granting administration with bond for $5,000.

Court House Notes

Marriage License Applications

George M. MacLean, Madison,
Avis Stephenson, Middleton.
Henry J. Knobeck, Madison,
Lusette H. Marder, Madison.
Carl Buechner, Springfield,
Catherine Hellenbrand, Springfield.
Bartholomew Henby, Jr., Madison,
Pauline Schroeder, Roxbury.

Real Estate Transfers

Isabella Allen, et al., to Peter C. Onstad, lots 11 and 12, block 14, Cambridge, $1.

Emma Welsch, Madison, to Hugo Welsch, Madison, lots 6, 7, and 12, Murphy's replat of blocks 1, 2 and 3, of Greenbush addition to Madison, $1.

W. E. Prindeville, Madison, to Carl J. Wehrmann, Madison, lot 18, block 8, Northside sub-division of Madison, $1.

Otto Gerbtez, Dane county, to Ole Skaar, Deerfield, land in the village of Deerfield, $75.

G. E. Eck, et al., Lake Mills, to J. H. Knapton, Medina, land in Medina and Sun Prairie, $8,000.

County Court

Estate of Herman E. Haaverud—Bond approved and letters and warrant issued.

Estate of Grace Hart Nicholls—Heirship determined and final judgment.

Estate of George Nicholls—Heirship determined and final judgment.

Estate of James Walsh—Heirship determined and ordered for final settlement at March term.

In re lands of Doris and Collice Nicholls—Order authorizing sale of realty.

Estate of Robert Rooney—Certificate of descent issued.

Estate of Mary Jane Rooney—Certificate of descent and termination of homestead and dower interest issued.

Estate of Edward Rooney—Certificate of descent.

In re-Stanley, Julius, Kenneth, Harvey, Joseph and Myrtle Lacher, infants—Order appointing guardian and directing release and return of infants from the state school at Sparta to the parents.

Estate of Thomas A. Best—Order of final discharge of administrator.

Estate of John G. Patterson—Heirship determined and judgment.

Guardians' reports examined and ordered of record as to wards—Alex Evenson, Bernard Lerch, Frances Main, Lewis J. Baker, Lou and Isabella Hatch, Ray Milem.

Trustee reports examined and ordered of record as to trust estates—Hannah Wardle, Knute Johnson Offerdahl, Jorgrin Jensen, Matthew Milem.

Estate of Lars Sutton—Order of final discharge of administrator with will annexed.

Guardianship of Hugh Paterson—Order appointing guardian and fixing bond of $2,500.

GERMANY WILL PAY OFF ALL WAR LOANS

(By the Associated Press)

MUNICH—"The debt which Germany never under any circumstances would repudiate, no matter how hard pressed it might become, is its war loan," said a Bavarian financier recently. He based his opinion on the fact that the war loans are so thoroughly distributed among the people that a failure to pay any one or part of any loan would hit hardest those who can least afford to lose.

Bavaria is a good example of the universality of the loan holdings, for no less than 1,430,000 families, or nearly everyone in the former kingdom, took at least some of the nine loans. All of them are, of course, intimately interested not only in the payment of the loan they hold, but in the conduct of the financial affairs of Germany.

Reports of the amounts taken by Bavarians in three German loans would seem to indicate, when compared with the 1,430,000 total above, that hundreds of thousands of persons subscribed over and over again.

MANY TO GO TO PEACE MEET AT CHICAGO

Legislature May Send Delegation to Gathering on Feb. 10

Prominent men and women in many Wisconsin cities are named in the list of delegates, just announced, who will represent Wisconsin at the Great Lakes Congress for a League of Nations which it to be held in Chicago on Feb. 10 and 11.

Five honorary delegates who have been appointed by Gov. E. L. Philipp are Prof. R. T. Ely and Chief Justice Winslow, Madison, A. J. Frame, Waukesha, E. W. Frost, Milwaukee, and J. M. Whitehead, Janesville.

Other Wisconsin delegates named so far are: Milwaukee—A. M. Simons, Mrs. Louis Auer, Fred Vogel, Jr., August Vogel; Madison—Judge M. B. Rosenberry, Judge A. L. Sanborn, M. C. Hagan, C. A. Johnson, W. S. Heddles, J. B. Sanborn, Gov. E. L. Philipp, Judge J. B. Winslow, Dr. R. T. Ely, A. B. Hall, Miss Juliet Thorp; Janesville—the Rev. Perry Miller, M. P. Richardson, Mrs. W. F. Bosworth, Miss Gertrude Cobb, Mrs. H. A. Ford, Mrs. A. C. Hough, A. E. Matheson, H. S. Lovejoy, Sen. J. M. Whitehead; Beloit—Pres. M. A. Brannon, H. W. Adams, Mrs. George L. Collie, F. E. Converse; Alma—E. F. Ganz; Appleton—Dr. Samuel Plantz; Ashland—Judge G. N. Risjord; Baraboo—Judge E. A. Evans; Bayfield—Sen. A. H. Wilkinson; Clinton—J. A. Moehlenpah; Darlington—J. G. Monahan; Edgerton—William McIntosh; Evansville—John Baker, C. J. Pearsall; Eau Claire—Sen. Roy P. Wilcox; Fond du Lac—Bishop R. H. Weller; Fort Atkinson—W. D. James; Grand Rapids—G. W. Mead; Kaukauna—M. A. Wertheimer; La Crosse—J. M. Hixon; Marshfield—W. D. Connor, I. P. Tiffault; Medford—L. W. Gibson; Milton—Dr. W. C. Daland, I. P. Hinkley; Oshkosh—Mrs. G. A. Buckstaff, C. R. Boardman; Portage — Sen. George Staudenmayer; Rhinelander—E. O. Brown; Ripon—Dr. H. C. Culbertson; Superior—Sen. R. J. Nye; Waukesha—Mrs. H. M. Youmans, A. J. Frame, Dr. H. P. Houghton; Wausau—C. B. Bird, G. D. Jones.

Among those representing women's organizations are: Milwaukee — Mrs. George Lines, Mrs. C. M. Towne, Mrs. R. B. Hartman, Madison—Mrs. M. V. O'Shea, Mrs. E. C. Thompson, Mrs. W. S. Marshall, Mrs. Blanche Trowbridge Elroy—Mrs. May F. Grimshaw; Evansville—Miss Cora E. Harris; Wauwatosa—Mrs. J. L. Foley; Sheboygan—Mrs. Edward Hammett.

FIRE WATER TOTIN' BRINGS WOE TO JIM

Lac du Flambeau Indian Taken Into Custody Numerous Times

Jim Catfish, an Indian, from Lac du Flambeau reservation, is in custody again. The stalwart brave simply cannot refrain from carrying carefully concealed bottles of firewater about, authorities say, and not a little of it has gotten to the reservation. Catfish was brought to Madison yesterday by Deputy Tooton. Deputy Gantz arrested Maggie Poupart at Woodruff on a similar charge.

Read Capital Times Want Ads.

PHILIPP HITS 8 HOUR DAY IN ROAD WORK

Says it Would Have Detrimental Effect Upon Farm Labor

"I invite you, gentlemen, to see your wealthy governor before you return to your homes—providing you don't all ask me for $20,000,000," said Gov. Philipp last night's road school meeting. His reference was to the demand made upon him Tuesday afternoon by Ralph Kennan of Portage, who was yesterday taken to the State Hospital for the Insane at Mendota.

"I am not in favor of the eight-hour day as applied to road building," declared the governor, "because of the detrimental effect it would have upon farm labor. The farmer boy will not spend long hours on the farm when, by jumping across the fence, he can earn a day's wages in eight hours by helping to build roads. The farmer is an important individual in Wisconsin and must be considered."

He declared further that he favored paying for the roads as they were built and that Wisconsin could afford to build roads as extensively as ever this year because there was sufficient money on hand with which to do it.

Conquerers and Roadbuilders," was the subject of an eloquent address by the Rev. William Dawson, the first speaker of the evening.

"France was saved at the Marne because of her splendid roads," declared Dawson. "The ancient roads built by the Romans sent Christianity on its way, and it was roads that saved it."

"Beauty," was the point emphasized by the next speaker, John A. Hazelwood, chairman of the state highway commission.

"It is not enough to build good roads," said Mr. Hazelwood, "It is not enough to maintain good roads; but it is important that we beautify our roads, in fact, roads are not good roads unless they are beautiful." Mr. Hazelwool also mentioned the distracting elements offered by sign-board advertising.

"One distracting thing along the country highway is that of advertising," declared Mr. Hazelwood. "We see the bill board destroy the beauty of many pretty glens and beautiful curves. The greed of advertisers has destroyed many beauty spots by putting up advertisements of patent medicine, Bull Durham tobacco and corsets. This destruction of beauty has been somewhat handled through city ordinances issuing permits and licenses. Women's clubs in our cities have done much in the matter of curbing landscape destruction by bill boards. Little has been done in rural districts to restrict such advertising.

"It seems that the most effective way of handling the question is the exacting of a tax. The different government units are given great power in the matter of taxing. I believe we could drive away much of our advertising bill boards by levying an annual tax of 50 cents per square yard for all advertising on bill boards that can reach the eye of the traveling public."

The last speaker of the evening, Frank A. Cannon, spoke on "Selling Wisconsin's Climate and Scenery."

"Wisconsin has everything in natural beauty except mountains; she has grotesque and freakish scenery; she has a wonderful climate—not fixed like that of the south or west, but a variable one, one that varies with the four seasons; and finally Wisconsin has history. The foot-prints of history lie along her waters. Wisconsin has been fashioned by nature to be the playground of the middle west."

TESTS MADE OF WOMEN'S POSTURE

Twenty Per Cent of Women Receive Good Grades; Others Vary.

About 20 percent of the women who are taking gym work have good posture, according to the results of the posture tests given under the direction of Miss Mary McKee. All women who are taking work in the department of physical education for credit are required to take posture tests.

The greatest number of women pass with a high, fair, or low grade. Perfect and very poor postures are unusual. "A" signifies posture that is practically perfect. To gain this mark a good posture of the head, shoulders, and hips, and oinly a slight curve in the back is necessary. "D" is the lowest grade given and girls who receive it must take corrective gym. "C's" will be required to enroll in posture classes.

Twenty three women received a grade of "A", 31 were graded B, 50 B, and 84 B—. The remainder were all C's and D's.

The freshmen women whose postures were perfect are Ruth Anderson, Mabel Anstey, Elizabeth Babcock, Hazel Counsel, Elvira Fenn, Margaret Flett, Anita Lyman, Margaret Pope, Angelina Napiecinski, Marion Strassburger, and Ellen Swetil.

Sophomores who were graded A are Margaret Fisher, Mabel Gregg, Marie Tollotson, Hildegarde Wipperman, Agnes Hiss, Myra Mitchell, Bertha Schwenn and Marie Hass.

Hazel Hoag, Marguerite Patterson and Marion Warner are the only upperclass-women who were given A.

DEAN EMERY FOUNDS S. G. A. 22 YEARS AGO

Twenty-two years ago, due to the efforts of Miss Emery, then dean of women, the Student Self Government association was established at Wisconsin university.

Miss Emery came from Bryn Mawr where one of the first organizations in the country for self-government had been established. This movement was taken because of the increasing enrollment of women students in the university. It became impossible for Chadbourne hall, then the only women's dormitory, to accomodate all the women students and accordingly some system of rules was needed to govern the women in rooming houses. Rather than faculty rules Miss Emery devised the plan of self-government, which has stood the test of these many years.

Mrs. J. F. A. Pyre, wife of Prof. J. F. A. Pyre, was the first president of S. G. A. in 1897.

For a short period in 1900 there was no dean of women, and the enforcement of all rules was entirely in the hands of the S. G. A.

The S. G. A. as it stands today is composed of a legislative body, which has a representative from every women's rooming house, and an executive council which is made up of a representative from each of the women's activities on the campus.

HOAN TO ADDRESS SOCIAL SCIENCE CLUB

Daniel W. Hoan, mayor of Milwaukee, will address the Social Science club on "Municipal Reconstruction' in the Law building auditorium next Monday night at 7:30 p. m. Mayor Hoan is a graduate of Wisconsin, and was one of the founders of the Social Science club at the university. Questions and discussions will follow the talk. The meeting is open to all students.

CAPTURE VOLHYNIA.

COPENHAGEN—Zhitomir, capital of the Volhynia government, has been captured by the Bolsheviki, according to information reaching here.

MANY HEAR FALLOWS TELL U. W. HISTORY

Bishop Urges Annual Celebration of Founder's Day.

Bishop Samuel Fallows, one of the twenty graduates of the class of '59 addressed a convocation of about two thousand students, yesterday, in the first celebration of Founder's day at the University of Wisconsin. Harold Groves, president of the senior class, presided. Music was furnished by the band and the singing was under the direction of Prof. Jones.

Lulu Saul, 19, president of the Y. M. C. A. represented the part of women in the history of the university. "When after the civil war, the university was made co-educational, the regents were unable to find a man who would accept the presidency, until regulations restricting the activities of women students had been adopted," said Miss Saul.

Milton Boorman, '21, and president of the Y. M. C. A. spoke as a representative of the sophomore class, on the importance of tradition in the making of a real university spirit. He urged that Founder's day be established here as an annual half holiday.

University 70 Years Old

"In 1836 the University was first established,—on paper," said Bishop Fallows. "It was in February of 1849, just seventy years ago that he first instruction began,—there being then only an academy, and under the sole direction of one teacher. When I came in 1853, there were only 61 students in the university department, and only three men on the faculty. One of these was Prof. Carr professor of chemistry, natural philosophy, and natural history—the first teacher in the United States to insist that his pupils perform the experiments which he gave in his course in chemistry."

No Co-Eds at First

Bishop Fallows elaborated upon the struggles to introduce co-education. The first step was to admit the girls as "Normalites," in a department distinct from the remainder of the university. Several years later when the girls were allowed to enter the college as students, they were forced to sit in the rear of the class rooms, and were not permitted to have any part in the recitation.

In speaking of the Civil war days, Bishop Fallows emphasized the loyalty of Wisconsin students both then and throughout the World war, just past. "The University of Wisconsin has ever been true to her traditions of loyalty. It is indeed fitting that this should be commemorated in the building of a suitable memorial."

TELEGRAPH TICKS

DEFEAT BOLSHEVISTS.

OMSK—Two divisions of the Bolshevists have been virtually annihilated by Siberian troops at Kungur.

TROOPS IN BREMEN.

COPENHAGEN — Government troops entered Bremen after heavy fighting, the Spartacans retreating.

BOLSHEVIKI DEFEATED.

ARCHANGEL—Heavy losses were inflicted on the Bolsheviki by the American forces near Cistavka.

SICK AND WOUNDED.

WASHINGTON—Hospital reports from the expeditionary forces show there were 95,962 sick and wounded among the American soldiers on Jan. 16.